SEPTEMBER. 1782. THE NUMB. 2728.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1782.

HOUSE of COMMONS, Tuesday, July 9.

[*Concluded from our last.*]

GENERAL Conway roſe, notwithſtanding all the ſarcaſms he had received, in perfect good humour, and begged the Houſe would indulge him with a very ſhort explanation. Giving full credit for every thing that had dropped from his honorable friend in his favour, he declared, no man had a better opinion of him, either in point of ability or principle, than he had. He allowed his influence, independent of his many and reſpectable connections, was, on both theſe accounts, peculiarly and eminently great in this Houſe, as well as with the public. But he muſt beg the honourable gentleman's pardon for obſerving, that in mentioning Lord Shelburne's merit, in reſpect of his advice, and its effect on his Majeſty, he was certainly not a little miſtaken; for he would pleaſe to obſerve, the independence of North-America had never been made a queſtion in this Houſe. It was on this account the more neceſſary to diſcuſs the queſtion with his Majeſty, which having been done repeatedly by the Firſt Lord of the Treaſury, the effect was as he had ſtated it. And he muſt think it greatly to his Lordſhip's honour, who had in this inſtance done more than all his predeceſſors could do before him. He acknowledged himſelf not ſo apt to be jealous or ſuſpicious as others of his friends; but this he was very willing to conſider rather as a defect than an excellence. He would by no means go ſo far, as ſay with his honourable friend, not only that he knew his cotemporaries, and what their preſent principles from their preſent actions muſt be, but likewiſe what they moſt aſſuredly would be five years hence. This was a ſtretch of ingenuity to which he had no claim, and was not unwilling to leave the right honourable gentleman in full poſſeſſion of it.

Mr. Burke now roſe, and ſupported his honourable friend (Mr. Fox) in one of the moſt pathetic and maſterly ſpeeches that ever, perhaps, was delivered in Parliament. On his riſing there was an uncommon confuſion at the Bar. He directed his eye to this quarter, and with infinite ſpirit, and a dignity which an uncommon rectitude and a force of mind alone could have inſpired, ſaid, he was peculiarly circumſtanced from the delicacy which he had for one part of the Houſe, while he felt nothing but the moſt ſovereign contempt for the other. This to him appeared an hour, though a late one, of the greateſt conſequence. He was called on by a variety of circumſtances to vindicate his character and principles to the public. Thoſe who by the preſent unaccountable tumult ſeemed diſſatisfied with his private character, knew where to find him. But he was not to be intimidated by theſe little unmanly and dirty artifices, from coming forward and accounting, with much ſimplicity and truth, for his ſhort ſtewardſhip, to that public, whoſe ſervant he had ever been. About the queſtion relating to the penſion meant for an honourable gentleman, he had but little to ſay. Among all the encomiums made on the character of the noble Marquis lately deceaſed, this was one, that he left his deareſt and beſt friend with the ſimple reward of his own invaluable intimacy. This ſingular teſt of their ſincerity, he aſked while alive, and it was a tax he left, on their regard for his memory, when dead. He, for his own part, had not been without his ſhare of the one, and he would ſoon convince the world, he was not unequal to the other. Well might he be excuſed for mingling his tears with thoſe of all deſcriptions and ranks of men, for the ineſtimable loſs of this moſt excellent and moſt virtuous character. It is the hand of Heaven, and awful as the ſtroke is to us, we are bound to ſubmit with decency and reſignation. But what had the friends of this great and good man to expect? What did the public look for? What was the moſt natural ſtep on his deceaſe? There is not a friend in this Houſe, in the whole nation, who does not anticipate the idea. Had not this eminent and venerable nobleman, and for the beſt reaſons in the world, the complete unequivocal confidence of the whole nation? Was it not then the moſt natural and the moſt proper advice that could be tendered to the Crown, that the man, of all others in the kingdom, whoſe qualities and virtues moſt reſembled his, was the fulleſt and beſt qualified to ſupply his place. He appealed to the common ſenſe of all who heard him, whether this was not the moſt equitable, eligible, and popular method that could be adopted. But where could we ſelect an individual who would be found in all reſpects adequate to this devoted ſtandard? He knew of but one, to whom all theſe amiable, endearing and reſpectable attributes, unimpaired and undiminiſhed, were literally applicable. It was not neceſſary he preſumed, after what he ſaid, to mention his Grace the Duke of Portland.---His great perſonal virtues and accompliſhments, his numerous family connections, and the infinite variety of private friendſhips, that aroſe from the generoſity of his nature and the purity of his principles, pointed him out as the only, or moſt proper perſon in this country for preſiding in the management of its affairs. He dared any man, all men, to bring the Earl of Shelburne's character in competition with his. The friends and admirers of this nobleman might extol him as they pleaſed, but he knew the principles and motives of their panegyric too well, to credit above one half of their aſſertions. The honourable gentleman had not, whatever his abilities and penetration were, perhaps made it ſo much his buſineſs to examine characters as he had. It was probable likewiſe, he might be much more generous and good natured than he pretended to be. Nor did he doubt but he knew the political principles of the noble Lord in queſtion, much better than he did, but he certainly knew enough to alarm him, to put him on his guard, and to rouſe the public alſo to a ſenſe of their danger. He knew nothing of their cabinet intrigues. He was happy in this ſpecies of ignorance. He would therefore judge only on an ample, comprehenſive and general zeal.

The reſignation of his honorable friend in this light, ſtruck him as peculiarly manly, meritorious, and patriotic. He had diſcernment enough to ſee where he was, what he was about, and the many ſtrange events, to which by remaining in place he was likely to be acceſſary. Was it not incumbent on him to be on his guard, and to give the firſt notice of treachery or deſertion from thoſe views to which he and his friends had bound themſelves?---Take his conduct in this light, and it muſt ſtrike you as equally honorable and equitable. He declared his moſt intire acquieſcence in whatever his honorable friend had done. He proteſted the preſent Miniſtry were utterly unworthy of all confidence. He avowed boldly, and in a tone, which, not only demonſtrated the probity of his own heart, but commanded the hearts of his auditors, that there was no confidence to be put in the Lord at the head of the Treaſury: That a perfidy had mingled itſelf with his Majeſty's Councils that muſt prove fatal to this country, that the intereſts of the nation were relinquiſhed, that the public were foully, moſt foully betrayed. Why were the preſent miniſtry without confidence? They were devoid of wiſdom. Folly had already marked their meaſures, and inconſtancy ſtamped, would moſt aſſuredly convince the public, that it is in vain to look for principle in the abſence of wiſdom. He truſted ſome credit would be given him on the preſent occaſion. His domeſtic ſenſibility had never been doubted. He had a large family and but little fortune. He liked his preſent office. The Houſe and all its appendages, to a man of his taſte, could not be diſagreeable. Yet all this he relinquiſhed not, the Houſe might well conceive, without regret---for the welfare of his family was very dear to him. No man could conceive him capable in ſuch circumſtances, as his certainly were, to ſacrifice all this and five thouſand pounds per annum for nothing! No. He did it all for that country and that public whoſe he was, and to whom he was always ready to ſurrender whatever he moſt valued in life. He had been long ſurfeited with oppoſition. Thoſe who were familiar with his habits of living, with his manners and temper, would not call him petulant or factious. What then could induce him to leave an adminiſtration to the reformation of which his humble endeavours had ſomewhat contributed? Nothing, he proteſted, but the ſincereſt regard for a public, in the ſervice of which he wiſhed to live and die.-----He was not ſatisfied, becauſe his heart would not let him confide where his duty and ſituation made it neceſſary that he ſhould. The honorable gentleman's feelings were in this reſpect exceedingly convenient. He had read when young, of a wolf, which was miſtook by a ſimple ſhepherdeſs, becauſe dreſſed like her grand-mother, for one quite as gentle and tame as ſhe was. But the firſt opportunity undeceived the poor girl. Take care that none of you render yourſelves obnoxious to a ſimilar ridicule. The honorable gentleman went through a variety of other topics, in a ſtile of oratory and patriotiſm, that warmed every heart in the Houſe, and drew floods of real undiſſembled tears from moſt of them? But our attention to the ſubſequent part of the debate forbids our going more fully into the detail.

Mr. Thomas Townſhend got up and ſpoke a few words. But his eloquence on this occaſion, elegant and nervous as it no doubt was, notwithſtanding it was ſo unhandſomely treated, by the diſorder which prevailed in every part of the Houſe, yet reached not us; ſo that we hardly knew the meaning of a word he ſaid.

The honorable Mr. W. Pitt arraigned the reſignation of the late Secretary with more acrimony and ſeverity than is uſual with his elegant and conciliating mode of ſpeaking. Thoſe, he obſerved, who had pledged themſelves for their principles to the public, were, in his opinion, a ſpecies of public property, and conſequently accountable to the public for deſerting their cauſe.---How had the honorable gentleman acquitted himſelf of this charge? On what public ground had he reſted it? On none. It ſeemed in his opinion merely a conteſt of power. For admitting the honorable gentleman had ſplit with them on ſome very important queſtion, it was ſtrange he had not once attempted to get a decided opinion on it from his colleagues in council. He therefore hoped what had been urged in debate would have no unfavourable influence on the preſent adminiſtration, or tend to raiſe the leaſt ſuſpicion againſt them. He was ſure nothing would be more groundleſs, and nothing was more calculated to render their efforts in the public ſervice abortive.

Mr. Fox only begged to remind the honorable gentleman, that what he blamed him for not doing, he had actually done. He had called a meeting of his Majeſty's confidential miniſters in his own houſe, and renewed the queſtion ſo often alluded to, but with no better ſucceſs than before. To them he had declared in the moſt unequivocal manner his determination. He acknowledged it to be a queſtion of power, but denied that it contained any thing perſonal. He was not willing to riſque ſo much power where he ſaw, or thought he ſaw ſo much danger. He knew perfectly how inſignificant, even a principal Secretary of State might be to thoſe who could ſtoop to be the tool of another. This was, he hoped, greatly beneath him. But he would adviſe all who for the future ſhould fill ſuch an office, never to be prodigal in the uſe of their own judgment or their own eyes. For he could aſſure them, the more implicitly they received the commands of another, the more would they be careſſed and eſteemed; and that they could not more infallibly receive the contempt of thoſe who acted with them, than by a conduct only as ſhowed moſt forcibly how little they deſerved it.

Mr. Burke only begged to tell the honorable gentleman who ſpoke laſt but one, that every argument he had urged againſt the reſignation of his honorable friend, was uſed againſt the honorable gentleman's father, on an occaſion perfectly ſimilar, and that he had rifled the enemy of their keeneſt weapons, to diſcharge only againſt his own old and profeſſed friends.

Mr. Lee, Commodore Johnſtone, Sir Edward Deering, and Sir William Wake alſo ſpoke, and Mr. Pitt, and Mr. Cooke in reply, after which the queſtion on Colonel Barre's penſion was adjourned, and the Houſe then broke up.

HOUSE OF LORDS, *Friday, July 5.*

LORD ABINGDON introduced a bill for ſupporting the commercial empire of Great-Britain; and prefaced it by the following ſpeech.

MY Lords, having ſome days ago ſignified my intention of troubling your Lordſhips with a motion, reſpecting the preſent relative ſituation of Ireland and this country, I now riſe to ſay a few words more upon that ſubject. Perſuaded as I was, my Lords, that nothing would be left undone in the adjuſtment of the claims of Ireland upon this country, by his Majeſty's preſent Miniſters, that ought to be done; and finding that when thoſe claims were made under the joint concurrence of both Houſes of Parliament in Ireland, that they were not only liſtened to by his Majeſty's preſent Miniſters, but were handſomely, liberally, and *manfully* acceded to by them *in every particular*; (I ſay *manfully*, my Lords, becauſe, in ſome caſes, it is as much a teſt of manhood to give way, as it is to demand; and I ſay *in every particular*, becauſe nothing was aſked that was not granted.) I did conceive, that as in muſic the apt reſolution of diſcords furniſhes the moſt compleat and perfect harmony, ſo the ſame effect, for the ſame reaſon, would as readily and as naturally have been produced here; and conceiving this, that is, ſuppoſing inſtead of diſcord, that concord was to prevail; and inſtead of diſſention, unanimity was to ſucceed. Although the affairs of Ireland, from the weight and importance of them, had reſted long and much upon my mind, they no longer became the ſubject of my reflections; but, my Lords, perceiving that I was miſtaken in my conception, and that although Ireland had obtained all ſhe had requeſted, the meaſure was not complete, nor was the cup yet full; I then took the liberty of ſuggeſting to your Lordſhips my intention of making the motion which I have juſt alluded to.

But, my Lords, finding, from the lateneſs of the ſeſſion, that nothing can be done in conſequence of this motion (and that ſomething muſt be done, I will venture ſo far to *opiniate* this matter, as to preſume) the preſent purpoſe of my riſing is principally to inform your Lordſhips, that I ſhall poſtpone the making of this motion to our next meeting in Parliament; when I ſhall moſt aſſuredly, and as early as poſſible, bring it forward, together with the arguments that I ſhall then have the honor to ſubmit to your Lordſhips in ſupport of it.

But, my Lords, having ſaid this, I ſtill think that the Houſe ſhould not ſeparate, without putting your Lordſhips in poſſeſſion of the nature, drift, and tendency of this motion. It is a reſpect that is due to your Lordſhips, it is what the Houſe, perhaps, has a right to look for, and indeed the importance of the moment ſeems to call for it. Whether it may meet your Lordſhips ideas, or whether any thing that comes from me can merit the attention of the Houſe, is not for me to determine. All that I ſay is, that it proceeds from a moſt ſincere and honeſt zeal to render myſelf of as much uſe to my country as I can, at a time when the aſſiſtance of all is required, and the ſervices of none are to be rejected. Under theſe circumſtances then, I am to inform your Lordſhips, that the motion which I ſhall have the honor to make at a future day, will be a motion for leave to bring in a bill. This bill is already prepared, and being prepared, as it not only takes in the ſubſtance of this motion, but comprehends the whole of my object, ſo to give your Lordſhips the contents of this bill, is to furniſh the Houſe with the information which for the preſent I wiſh to convey; and therefore, my Lords, I ſhall beg leave that the Clerk be now permitted to read this bill.

The Clerk accordingly read as follows:

An Act, declaratory of the ſole and excluſive Right of the Parliament of Great-Britain to make and enact laws and ſtatutes with power to regulate and controul the external commerce, or foreign trade of Great-Britain, and of all ſuch kingdoms and countries, parts and places, as now are or may hereafter be under the Sovereignty of, that are annexed to, connected with, or in any wiſe dependent upon, or whoſe inhabitants are the ſubjects of, the imperial Crown of this Realm.

"Whereas the right to the Sovereignty and dominion of the Britiſh ſeas is the real, fundamental, and undoubted prerogative of the Crown of this realm, the Kings of England having been (*quatenus* Kings of England) not only univerſally acknowledged to be the lawful Sovereigns of the Engliſh ſeas, but as ſuch have had the uninterrupted ſanction of no leſs than between ſeventeen and eighteen centuries to countenance and uphold them, both in the claim and practice of this right.

"And whereas it being to our maritime force that we are indebted, as well for the preſervation of this right to the ſovereignty and dominion of the ſeas, as for the protection of our external commerce or foreign trade, for the poſſeſſion of our valuable colonies and plantations abroad, for our riches, for the improvement of our lands, for the conſumption of our manufactures, and for our greatneſs and power as a nation at home, nay, for the very ſafety and ſecurity of the kingdom itſelf againſt the invaſions of our enemies; ſo, this maritime force depending for its very being and exiſtence upon the external commerce or foreign trade of Great-Britain and its empire, whilſt the power to regulate and controul this external commerce or foreign trade by the Parliament of Great-Britain is as neceſſary for the proſperity as this trade or commerce is eſſential to the very being and exiſtence of our maritime force; it is a power veſted in the Parliament of Great-Britain, for the maintenance and ſupport of the prerogative of the Crown in the ſovereignty and dominion of the ſeas.

And whereas this right of the ſovereignty and dominion of the ſeas, whence the power of regulating and controuling the external commerce or foreign trade of Great-Britain and its empire by the Britiſh Parliament is derived, is thus not only the moſt precious jewel of his Majeſty's Crown, but next under God the principal means of our ſafety and wealth, ſo all true Engliſh hearts and hands being bound to keep and preſerve the ſame, even with the utmoſt hazard of their lives, their goods and fortunes;"

"May it therefore pleaſe your Majeſty, that it may be enacted and declared, and be it enacted and declared by the King's Moſt Excellent Majeſty, by and with the advice and conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the authority of the ſame, That the Parliament of Great-Britain hath, ever had, and of ſole and excluſive right ought always to have, power to make and enact laws and ſtatutes to regulate and controul the external commerce or foreign trade of Great-Britain, and of all ſuch kingdoms and countries, parts and places, as now are, or hereafter may be, under the ſovereignty of, that are annexed to, connected with, or in any wiſe dependent upon, or whoſe inhabitants are the ſubjects of, the Imperial Crown of this realm.

"Provided nevertheleſs that the ſaid laws and ſtatutes ſo made and enacted, with power to regulate and controul the external commerce or foreign trade of Great-Britain and its empire, are not meant or intended, directly or indirectly, as laws and ſtatutes for the purpoſe of raiſing a revenue, nor for any other internal uſe whatever, in or over thoſe kingdoms or countries, parts or places, of whoſe external commerce or foreign trade ſuch regulation and controul ſhall be had; but as mere proviſions of enlargement to, or matters of reſtriction upon, ſuch trade or commerce as may tend to the common advantage and general good of the whole.

"And whereas the kingdom of Ireland is not only under the ſovereignty of the Imperial Crown of this realm, and thereby partakes of the benefit of our maritime force in protection and aid of her commerce, but the Weſtern Sea, in which Ireland is included, is a part of the maritime empire of the Kings of England; and whereas by an act made in the 20th year of his preſent Majeſty, entituled an act, "To allow the trade between Ireland and the Britiſh Colonies, and Plantations in America, and the Weſt-Indies," the power of regulating and controuling the external commerce or foreign trade of Ireland is taken out of the Parliament of Great-Britain (where it of right belongs, and ſo of right ought to remain) and, in manifeſt violation and open breach of the conſtitution (inaſmuch as "the legiſlative being but a delegated power from the people, thoſe who have it cannot paſs it over to others") is veſted in the Parliament of Ireland, it is hereby enacted by the authority aforeſaid, that ſuch act, ſo far as it relates to the taking of this power out of the Parliament of Great-Britain, and veſting it in the Parliament of Ireland, ſhall be, and the ſame is hereby repealed and made void: But in all other reſpects, the ſaid act to be and to remain in full force and effect, any thing herein contained to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding, it being in no wiſe the meaning or intention of this act to deprive the kingdom of Ireland, in this or in any other inſtances of that freedom in trade which ſhould in common

belong to that country as well as to this, but merely to assert in the Parliament of Great-Britain, where also the seat of the Empire is, the sole and exclusive power of regulation and controul therein.

"And whereas this prerogative in the Crown to the sovereignty and dominion of the seas has been exercised not only with respect to the external commerce or foreign trade of Great-Britain and its empire, but being acknowledged, and having been exerted even against states totally unconnected with and independent of the Imperial Crown of this realm, and this not only too in the case of a general obedience to our flag, but in the instance of our immortal Queen Elizabeth's having actually "forbid the King of France to build any more ships of war than he then had, without her leave first had and obtained;" It is hereby further enacted, by the authority aforesaid, that it neither shall nor may be lawful to nor for any such kingdoms, or countries, parts or places of the British empire as are above described, to erect or to build any ships or vessels of war, or to support or maintain a navy, any otherwise than under the management and direction of the Lord High Admiral, or the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty of Great-Britain for the time being, and as subject to British Acts of Parliament, and to such other and to the same laws and regulations only, as the ships and vessels of war and the navy of Great-Britain are."

Such, my Lords, is the nature of this bill, and such the ground upon which it stands. The line between Ireland and this country must be drawn; this country demands it, as well as Ireland, and who shall say that this is not the line of right between them? The Parliament of Great-Britain has nothing to do with the internal legislation of Ireland, nor of right never having had, what it has hitherto usurpedly exercised, it has now honorably surrendered. But, my Lords, the seat of the empire is here; *the sea is ours*; and as to regulate and controul the commerce of that sea for the sake of our navy, is the sole and exclusive right of the British Parliament; so to give up that right, is to give up the seat of the empire; it is to abolish and annihilate your Parliaments; it is to sever and totally to separate Great-Britain from the rest of the British empire; leaving it a country to stand singly, and by itself alone; for it is the only tie, it is the only bond of union that now remains to the British empire; it is to place England as to Ireland, not in the relative situation that Ireland was to England (though this is a condition not to be submitted to on the part of this country) but is to raise a competition betwixt the two kingdoms, which must infallibly end in the ruin of both. It is that which America never demanded of Great-Britain, and which, if she had demanded, friend as I am to America, and a better friend she has not, I had been among the foremost of her enemies; but not satisfied with this, which America readily yielded to, you wanted more, and in fighting for that more, you have lost the whole: It is that therefore which the Parliament of Great-Britain can never accede to Ireland, nor part with, but in the act of its own dissolution and destruction. But I am reasoning upon this subject, which I did not intend, and therefore, my Lords, I have at present only to move,

"That the bill may lay on the table for the inspection of your Lordships."

The bill was ordered to lie on the table, and the Lords adjourned until Monday.

By several Vessels arrived at Boston and Providence, from France and Holland, we have received the following Advices.

PARIS, July 1.

THE marquis de Bouille came to Versailles on Friday last. The king gave him a very gracious reception; he conversed for above an hour and a quarter with his majesty, who has raised him to the rank of lieutenant general. This officer has the greatest reputation. M. de Bougainville, who arrived in the same ship, is yet at Brest.

Since yesterday a report is spread that the negociation for peace is broke off; but some people of credit, who pretend to know what passes, assure us of the contrary: however, thus much is certain, that Mr. Grenville continues his conferrences with the count de Vergennes, and it is even said that an accommodation is pretty far advanced.

JULY 6.

Extract of a letter from count de Guichen, to the marquis de Castries, secretary of state for the marine department, dated at sea, on board the Terrible, June 27.

"I have the honour to inform you, that the combined fleet has had very little wind since its departure from Cadiz, which, however, would not have retarded us much, had it not become quite contrary at the entrance of the bay. We were a little recompensed afterwards by meeting with a fleet of the enemy's ships, which we descried the 25th of June, in lat. 47. 36. N. and 15. 20. W. from the meridian of Paris.

This fleet, composed of 18 sail, was escorted by the Portland, of 50 guns, the Oiseu, of 32, the Danae, of 24 and the Merlin sloop: it was destined for Canada and Newfoundland. Our frigates have taken the eighteen ships, but could not come up with the ships that convoyed them. At the departure of the courier from Brest, the prizes appeared off Ushant."

LONDON,

July 4. General Arnold was at court yesterday, for the first time for some months.

Notwithstanding the superiority of the combined fleet in point of numbers, government have received intelligence that may be relied on, that most of the Spanish ships are so indifferently equipped, that they will not be able to stand a close engagement. This information determined ministry to hasten the sailing of lord Howe with all the ships that are now ready; and it is confidently said his orders are positive and decisive to engage.

It is presumed that an acknowledgment of American independency, would be followed by an immediate cessation of hostilities on the part of our Transf. Atlantic brethren. Why should we hesitate openly to avow what we have already acknowledged by implication? The late ministry authorised commissioners to treat with Congress, and the delegation of that authority was a tacit renunciation of our sovereignty over the colonies.

Notwithstanding our late brilliant successes, and the prospects we have of late been able to pursue the war with the advantage, peace, and particularly with the Dutch, is the earnest wish of the commercial part of this kingdom; being the common carriers of Europe, the Dutch very largely contributed to the promotion of our trade, which, notwithstanding the powerful foes we had to resist, suffered but little injury till the commencement of the war with Holland; but since that time our goods have been rotting in the warehouses, because we have no means of transporting them to foreign markets, where they would be bought up with the greatest avidity, and at very high prices, so great is the present demand for British goods in every quarter of the globe.

Many of the refugees are preparing to go back to America, as their private letters from different parts of the continent give the strongest assurances, that all the differences between the mother country and the colonies will be amicably adjusted in a very short time.

July 6. The savings in the pay office, as regulated by Mr. Burke, will alone exceed a gain to the nation, of 100,000l. sterling a year.

If there is one happy word in the English language of such powerful efficacy, as to operate like a charm, and reconcile two nations once happily connected, but who have by the base artifices of insiduous and treacherous men, been too long disunited: if North-America can be reconnected with Great-Britain, it must be by the force of the word---independence. If that is once freely granted, and without any reserve, it will, in spite of all treaties and confederacies, loosen the bands of friendship between the colonies and France; all discontents between them and us will be forgotten, all former friendships will be renewed in full vigour; the bonds of union will be stronger than ever, for nothing in future can weaken them.

July 8. The duke of Grafton will be first lord of the admiralty, and Charles Jenkinson, esquire, chancellor of the exchequer.

Extract of a letter from Hull, July 2.

"We hear no news of the Dutch fleet being out from the Texel; but there are several privateers on the coast, large vessels from 20 to 28 guns each: there are so many troops now in the north, that we can be under no apprehension of a descent; yet the trade must suffer considerably unless a squadron returns to command the North sea, and that in a very short period. 130 sail of colliers now blocked up here."

The nation is in a most uncouth situation, from the so early and sudden change of administration, the most momentous affairs are now on the tapis and the smallest delays may prove fatal.

July 11. Mr. Fox waited on his majesty yesterday, and delivered the seals in form, and declared his resignation.

Earl of Temple was yesterday appointed secretary of state, in the room of earl Shelburne, and Mr. Thomas Townsend, in the room of Mr. Fox.

The honourable Mr. William Pitt is appointed chancellor of the exchequer, and sir George Young, secretary at war, on the room if the right honourable Thomas Townsend, esquire, who takes the place of one of his majesty's principal secretaries of state.

There is a steady persevering virtue in Mr. Fox and his colleague, Mr. E. Burke, which will continue to be admired while the name of patriot and freedom is sweet in Britain; they may be truly said to have stooped to conquer.

The admiralty of Amsterdam published a list of their naval force the middle of last month, which they make to consist of 28 sail of the line, and 21 smaller vessels.

July 12. Yesterday at 11 o'clock, an express arrived at the admiralty from Portsmouth, with the alarming information that the combined fleet was under sail, and actually coming up the channel; in consequence of which a council was immediately summoned, in order to consider the necessary measures to be taken on the occasion.

The above intelligence was received from a most respectable quarter, but at too late an hour for us to make any enquiry into the particulars of the express.

We are sorry there does not appear the most distant hope of a reconciliation with America, unless we first either acknowledge their independency, or withdraw our fleet and army. The messenger sent to Congress by general Carleton, had been treated with great coolness, and a refusal to enter upon any treaty, unless the above preliminaries was agreed to. This was their fixed determination.

The duke of Grafton has certainly refused a very considerable appointment under the present butterfly minister!

The independence of America alluded to by Mr. Fox and that of the present premier are widely different: the latter insists on the sovereignty of the crown; while the former was for making America an independent sovereignty, the only terms on which they will treat.

The debate in the house of commons on Tuesday last is universally admitted to have been the most important ever heard, as it not only involved in it the cause of Mr. Fox's resignation, and the great question of American independence, but compleatly unfolded the system upon which the present Quixotte minister is to act.

Notwithstanding all the parade made about the arrangement of the present ministry, every one knows that it is meant for nothing more than just to fill up the gap till the new minister feels himself bold enough to introduce the members of lord North's administration, which are meant to be brought in by degrees.

The present fair faced first lord of the treasury, and his motly groupe, are a precious set to make peace with America, the earl of Shelburne having more than once pronounced the man a traitor, who would wish the independence of that country, and Mr. Dunning (who is now lord Ashburton) having declared in his place in the house of commons, that he would impeach the minister who would dare to move such a thing!

July 13. Authentic letters from Ireland mention, that the people there are every where dissatisfied with the resignation of Mr. Fox, and unable to hear even the name of Shelburne!

Earl Shelburne declares for American independence. At the beginning of the sessions his lordship declared, that whenever America was independent, the sun of England would set—His lordship has been converted from his old political system, as Copernicus was from the Ptolemac—He now sees that the world goes round the sun, not that the sun goes round the world; and though the sun of England may set with American independence, yet he looks to see her rise again in all her pristine glory from the west—The excuse given for his lordship's change of opinion is not unlike that of the mock doctor in the farce, who, being contradicted by his patient for asserting, that the heart lay at the right, and the liver on the left side, assured him, that the system of the human body had been totally reversed by order of the college of physicians.

Is there not a strange contradiction in the oration of the present premier? He condemns the stile of despondency, though the language of truth; when at the same time he asserts, that he has placed himself at the helm when "the sun of England is about to set."

If lord Howe does not get out of the channel very speedily (and the wind is at present very much against him; especially as with a force so inferior to the enemy, he dare not extend his squadron, for fear of disaster) the loss of great part of our Jamaica and Leeward island fleets, is reduced almost to a certainty; as the French well know the dependence placed on them for sailors to man our ships of war, and therefore have a double view in intercepting them.

When the combined fleet sailed from Cadiz, it consisted of 28 sail of the line Spanish, and five French, making 33 sail of the line; there were at Brest with la Motte Picquet, ten sail of the line; so that their squadron must be 43 sail of the line, instead of 37, as has been mentioned.

Extract of a letter from Plymouth, July 9.

"Yesterday passed by this port to the westward, the grand fleet under the command of lord Howe, and were joined from hence by his majesty's ship Suffolk, and the Egmont will follow in a few days. The Crocodile in the sound."

July 15. The present moment may justly be considered as an awful crisis, that ought to excite the most public supplications to Providence, to extend its protection to this isle of liberty.

Yesterday morning an express arrived in town from Plymouth, with advice, that an express boat had come there from the grand fleet under lord Howe, which then consisted of 24 sail of the line. The combined fleet was at that time 24 leagues N. E. off Ushant and the English fleet off the Lizard, half seas over. The foremost ships of both fleets were then within sight of each other.

A confirmation of the above intelligence was yesterday afternoon received at Lloyd's, and with this addition, that the French were steering for the Texel, and lord Howe actually in pursuit of them, endeavouring if possible, to give them battle before they formed their intended junction with the Dutch fleet.

July 16. It is confidently wispered about, that previous to Mr. Fox's resignation of the seals, the present first lord of the treasury took great pains to persuade him to continue in office, and even went so far as to assure him, that he should have his own measures, and that his (lord S's) conduct should be the reverse of what it had been since he came into administration.

The late changes in administration hold out the prospect of a most formidable opposition in the ensuing sessions of parliament. Various are the reasons assigned for the resignation of the late secretary of state; but as the renouncing of emolument is the strongest criterion that man can give of his integrity, it is but just to impute the resignation of Mr. Fox to principle.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be SOLD by the Printers hereof,

Poor *Richard*'s Almanack,

For the YEAR of our LORD, 1783.

DRY GOODS,

Imported in the last vessels from Europe, and to be SOLD by

ISAAC HAZLEHURST,

In Second-street, about half-way between Arch and Race-streets, consisting of

SUPERFINE and second Cloths of the most fashionable Colours; buff, white, blue and green Cassimers, broad and narrow Coatings, yellow and white Flannels, rose Blankets, Mens Worsted Hose, black Worsted Breeches Patterns, a Variety of Damask and Diaper Table Linen, brown and white Russia Sheetings, coarse and fine Linens, Bag Holland, Furniture Checks, Princess Stuffs, black and white Calimancoes, Shalloons, Durants, Poplins, Corduroys, brown and white Buckrams, Chintzes and Calicoes, India Furniture Chintz, Book Muslin, Sewing Silk, white and coloured Threads, Quality and Shoe Bindings, common, Milliners and Whitechapel Needles, heavy Four-pound Pins, Cambricks and Lawns, Velvet Hat-binding and Hatters round Looping, Scarf Twist, black and coloured Silk Handkerchiefs, black and pink Mantuas, black Peelong, Satin, and a Variety of Mexicon Silks, Death-head Buttons, Setts of Diaper, containing thirteen Napkins and one Table-cloth in a Sett, Dowlass, Marseilles Quilting, Womens black Silk Mitts, a few Dozen of the best cast Steel Razors, Scotch Carpets of different Sizes, and an elegant Persian Carpet, four and half Yards by Five; Boxes of Tin, Horn Lanthorn Leaves, and Bohea Tea by the Chest; likewise Dutch White Lead, Naples Yellow, Omber, Yellow Oker, Vitriol, Prussian and Powder Blue, &c. &c. c4w

BANK of NORTH-AMERICA,

SEPTEMBER 23, 1782.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an ELECTION of twelve DIRECTORS of the Bank for the ensuing year, will be held at the Bank, on the first Monday in November, at ten o'clock, A. M. when each Stockholder, by himself or proxy, will be entitled to as many votes as he holds shares.

WILLIAM POYNTELL,

Has for SALE, three doors below *Market-street*, in *Second-street*,

THE very best Pen-knives, with Tortoise-Shell and Buffaloe Handles,
Best Ass-Skin Pocket Memorandum-Books,
Elegant Ladies Watch-Chains,
Mens ditto,
Money Scales and Weights,
Music Books ruled for Harpsichords, &c.
Blank Account Books, of all Kinds,
Paper Hangings,
And all Kinds of Stationary, Wholesale and Retail.

¶

Philadelphia, September 21, 1782.

THE *Pennsylvania* Loan-Office is removed to the Corner of Arch and Seventh-streets: All Persons in Arrears are hereby informed, that unless they pay off at least the Interest due on their respective Mortgages, within three Months from the Date hereof, they will be proceeded against as the Law directs, agreeable to a Resolution of the Honorable House of Assembly of the 6th Instant.

¶ DAVID RITTENHOUSE, Trustee.

Philadelphia, September 25, 1782.

By virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be sold at Public SALE, at the COFFEE-HOUSE, on SATURDAY, the 5th day of October next, 6 o'clock in the afternoon.

A THREE story brick MESSUAGE, KITCHEN and Lot of GROUND, on Second-street, between Vine and Race-streets, containing in breadth north and south 16 feet, and in length 100 feet, bounded westward with Second-street, northward by Frederick Kuhl's ground, eastward with a 4 feet Alley leading into Sasafras-street, and southward by ground late of James Parrock deceased, late the estate of Edmund Woolly, deceased; seized and taken in Execution, by

WILLIAM WILL, Sheriff.

NEW-YORK, *September* 18.

Extract of a letter from London, dated July 2, 1782.

"Peace seems to be at as great a distance now as ever. We flattered ourselves that Lord Rodney's success over de Grasse would have been productive of it, but notwithstanding that, and our victories in the East-Indies, both Dutch and French seem as obstinately bent on the prosecution of war as ever.

"This country seems, were we to judge from appearances, to be indifferent to all those animating motives that raised her to her envied greatness. Two factions divide this nation, the Rockingham and Bedford interest, as it is called, the first seems governed by republican principles, and mean more than they are willing should meet the eye, are indeed for giving the Americans Independency, and indeed every thing they shall ask, which the latter as strenuously oppose. From the divisions of the ministry who are composed of the above factions, it is thought they will not hold their places long; Parliament itself does not seem inclined to support them, but a few days ago (such are the changes here) the minister was left in the minority, a proof of the shortness of their reign. For this reason it is thought a new Parliament will be summoned, on whom they may have more influence than on the present. Though the public is poor, individuals are rich, the elegance of their equipages, dresses, and living, exceeds all description, and Hyde Park for horses, carriages, and shew, exceeds the splendor of the world: Every thing, not excepting Independency, will be granted America; the war with her never was popular, and the ill-success attending it makes it execrated. The Republicans mourn over any advantages obtained against their brethren, and the nation at large never sincerely rejoiced in them. Re-union and advantages arising from commerce by mutual intercourse of interest and good offices, are the wish of all, so that unless our countrymen are infatuated, peace is not far off.

"The Marquis of Rockingham's death is a great blow to the new ministry, and how far it may affect the interest of America, time alone will discover, but I am persuaded America may now have every thing she can wish: But in her hour of success, and puffed up with insolence, and the counsels of violent and interested men, she may reject them, and make this nation desperate, who, roused from her stupor, and in desperation, may yet adopt such a system as to make the true lovers of America for ever lament her present alienation from the Parent-State."

PHILADELPHIA, *Sept.* 25.

Extract of a letter, dated Camp, Verplank's Point, Sept. 19, 1782.

"As to news, we have nothing very material in this quarter, except that Sir Guy Carlton has requested a cessation of arms of General Washington. The General returned, in answer to Sir Guy, that he was surprized he should request a cessation of arms, when his army was committing so many depredations on the inhabitants of different parts of this State. Sir Guy, in return, said that the General might depend upon it a treaty of peace was certainly on foot."

Two vessels are arrived at Lewis-Town from France, which they left in company with the Eagle and Glory frigates, about the beginning of July, so that we have nothing new by them, as there are later arrivals to the eastward from that quarter.

Monday morning Captain John Earle, late of the schooner Harlequin, came to town; after a passage of ten days he arrived last Thursday morning at Bombay Hook from the Havanna, and at 7 o'clock in the evening was attacked by three refugee gallies, each carrying a brass 6 pounder in her bow, and ten cohorns and swivels, with 30 men, under command of Kidd, Jones and ----. The action lasted two hours, when the schooner was captured, after the most distinguished proofs of valour being exhibited by Captain Earle and his brave crew.

The refugees, after the surrender of the schooner, inhumanly murdered, in cold blood, Mr. Bennet, mate, and wounded Capt. Earle in three places with lances; and Mr. Paschall, a passenger on board, was run through the body, and cut and abused about the head with cutlasses. The Harlequin mounted four three pounders and had 18 men, one of whom was killed and five wounded. Of the enemy Jones was shot through the body and Kidd through the thigh, 2 Lieutenants and 6 men killed, and 14 or 15 badly wounded.

Last Saturday the Honorable General Assembly of this Commonwealth adjourned *sine die*. During the session, the following laws were passed, viz.

1. An Act to extend the powers of the Comptroller General.
2. An Act to amend the several acts of this Commonwealth, directing the mode of electing members of the General Assembly thereof.
3. An Act for the more effectually suppressing all intercourse and commerce with the enemies of the United States of America.
4. An Act for securing within this Commonwealth to the subjects of his Most Christian Majesty the rights and privileges stipulated in their behalf, by the eleventh article of the Treaty of Amity and Commerce concluded between his Most Christian Majesty and the United States of America.
5. An Act for procuring an estimate of the damages sustained by the inhabitants of Pennsylvania, from the troops and adherents of the King of Great-Britain, during the present war.
6. An Act to repeal a part of the Act intituled, "An Act to amend and render effectual an Act intituled, "An Act for regulating party walls and partition fences in the city of Philadelphia, to declare divers new streets and ways opened and to be opened, and laid out within the said city, to be highways, and also to declare nuisances, by buildings within the said streets, removeable, and for other purposes therein mentioned."
7. An Act to enable the Commissioners therein named to purchase public landings in the district of Southwark, in the county of Philadelphia, and for raising a fund to pay the purchase monies thereof.
8. An Act for incorporating the Dutch Reformed Church in the townships of Northampton and Southampton, in the county of Bucks.
9. An Act for incorporating the Presbyterian Church in the township of Warwick, in the county of Bucks.
10. An Act to empower Elizabeth Allen, widow of James Allen, Esq; deceased, during the minority of her infant son James, to grant and convey sundry lots of land in the town of Northampton, in the county of Northampton, in this State, to such persons as have built, or shall agree to build, houses on the same.
11. An Act to repeal an Act, intituled "An Act to enable the Supreme Executive Council to negociate such loans as may be necessary to procure a sufficient sum of money for the defence of the frontiers of this State, and the support of civil government."

☞ The holders of Loan-Office Certificates, and all other Creditors of the United States, in the city and neighbourhood of Philadelphia, are requested to meet at the State-House, To-morrow, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, on business of importance.

*** The Freeholders and other Electors of the county of Philadelphia, are requested to meet at the house of Jacob Neff, near Chesnut-Hill, on Saturday the 28th of this month, to deliberate on matters of great importance.

STATE of PENNSYLVANIA.

An ACT *to impower Elizabeth Allen, widow of James Allen, Esq; deceased, during the minority of her infant son James, to grant and convey sundry lots of land in the town of Northampton, in the county of Northampton, in this State, to such persons as have built, or shall agree to build houses on the same.*

WHEREAS James Allen, late owner of the town of Northampton, in his life-time contracted with sundry persons to build houses in the said town, and that he or his heirs should grant to them and their heirs, on certain fee farm rent, such lot or lots of land as they should build upon or improve. AND WHEREAS, upon the faith of such contracts made with the said James Allen sundry persons have built houses, and others are willing and desirous to improve and build in the said town, on the terms and conditions on which the other inhabitants thereof have built. AND WHEREAS the said James Allen, by his last will and testament, did devise the tract of land on which the said town of Northampton is laid out unto his son James, now an infant about four years old, and the income of the said town to his wife Elizabeth, until the said James should arrive at the age of sixteen years, but appointed no person who, during the minority of his said son, should confirm his contract with the inhabitants of the said town, and by deed grant to them the fee of the lands which they had improved agreeable to their contracts, and to make further contracts with the people for the improvement of the said town; by which omission the improvement and increase of a strong frontier town is stopped in its course, and the interest, as well of the said infant as of the good people who have *bona fide* built and improved on sundry of the town lots, is likely to suffer. AND WHEREAS the said Elizabeth Allen has humbly prayed the aid of the legislature in the premises, *Be it therefore enacted, and it is hereby enacted by the Representatives of the Freemen of the Commonwealth of* Pennsylvania, *in General Assembly met, and by the Authority of the same,* That, from and after the passing of this act, it shall be lawful to and for the said Elizabeth Allen, as guardian of the said infant James Allen, and, in case of her decease, to and for such guardian or guardians as the Orphans Court of the county of Philadelphia shall appoint for the said James during his minority, by deed, under the hand and seal of the said Elizabeth Allen, or of such other guardian or guardians to be appointed as aforesaid, to grant, bargain and sell, release and confirm, such lots of land, in the said town of Northampton, as have been heretofore disposed of by the said testator James Allen, on condition, to build on and to pay a yearly ground-rent for the same, unto the person and persons to whom the said testator has disposed of such lot or lots, and to his or their heirs and assigns for ever, under the conditions and rents aforesaid. And also to contract with any other person or persons, for the building on and improving of any such other lots, in the said town of Northampton, as have not been disposed of as aforesaid: And, upon their compliance with the terms of their contract, by such deed or deeds as aforesaid, to confirm to them and their heirs the fee simple and inheritance of the premises; always reserving a yearly ground-rent, not less than for any of the town lots of the like situation has been formerly reserved, to and for the said James Allen, the son of the said Elizabeth, his heirs and assigns for ever.

Signed, by Order of the House,
FREDERICK A. MUHLENBERG, *Speaker.*

Enacted into a Law, at Philadelphia, on Friday, the thirtieth day of August, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Seven Hundred and Eighty-two.

PETER Z. LLOYD, Clerk of the General Assembly.

By His Excellency
WILLIAM MOORE, Esquire,
President, *and the* Supreme Executive Council *of the Commonwealth of* Pennsylvania,
A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it has been represented to the Supreme Executive Council, that divers seamen, belonging to the ships of war of his Most Christian Majesty, the great and good Ally of these United States, have deserted, and probably may remain concealed in or near the city of Philadelphia. And whereas it is of the utmost consequence to these United States, as much as possible to discourage and prevent such desertions, and apprehend, secure and return to their officers all deserters from the fleets of his Most Christian Majesty: We do hereby strictly charge, enjoin and require all judges, justices, sheriffs and other peace officers, to use their utmost diligence to apprehend, secure and return to the Consul or Vice-Consul of his Most Christian Majesty, all such deserters as may be found within this State. And we do hereby earnestly recommend to the good citizens of the State to give, with the greatest alacrity, their aid and assistance, in all lawful measures, for so apprehending, securing and returning all such deserters,

GIVEN in Council, under the hand of his Excellency William Moore, *Esquire, President, and the Seal of the State, at Philadelphia, this Twentieth Day of September, in the Year of our Lord, One Thousand Seven Hundred and Eighty-two.*

WILLIAM MOORE, *President.*

Attest. T. Matlack, *Secretary.*

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.

To be SOLD the 23d October next,

FOR the discharge of the Debts of the late Colonel SAMUEL WASHINGTON, deceased, at his late Mansion-house, in Berkeley County, Virginia, on six Months Credit, with a discount of Ten per Cent. for ready Money:

A Number of valuable SLAVES, and all the FURNITURE and STOCK belonging to the Estate, amongst which are, a Number of high blooded HORSES, also the Waggons, Teams, &c.

I. A. WASHINGTON,
Sept. 23. CHARLES WASHINGTON, } Executors.
JAMES NOURSE,

A FARM, with 200 Acres cleared Land, to Lett on Lease. ¶

STOLEN, out of the pasture of the subscriber, in Pencader hundred, New-Castle county, in the night of the 15th inst. (September) Two MARES, one a Grey, turning pretty much on the white along her back and sides, and a white streak round her under jaw, occasioned by a halter, neither brand nor ear-mark, about 7 years old, 14 hands high, trots and canters well; the other a dark Bay, with black mane and tail, all her feet white, with some small black spots in the white; neither brand nor ear-mark, 5 years old, 14 hands and an half high, paces and trots well. Whoever takes up said mares and brings them home, or secures them so that the owner may have them again, shall have EIGHT DOLLARS Reward, and reasonable charges, or FOUR DOLLARS for either of them, by THOMAS WATSON. †

EIGHT DOLLARS REWARD.

WAS LOST on Friday evening last, either in one of the streets of this City, or on the Moyamensing or Passyunk roads--A gold case of a woman's watch, neatly wrought or engraved---London make. Any person who has found the same, and will deliver it to the subscriber, shall have the above reward.

Philad. Sept. 23, 1782. THOMAS WILLING.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the market, in Philadelphia, on the 18th of September inst. a black HORSE, near 14 hands high, coming 7 years old, heavy gated, can pace and trot, neither brand nor ear-mark, has a hollow flat face, pretty much the look of a mare, a short tail, he is a heavy well built horse; had on an old fashioned saddle and bridle. Whoever takes up the said horse, saddle and bridle, and secures them, so that the owner may get them again, shall have FOUR DOLLARS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by WILLIAM WORTHINGTON, living in the lower part of Buckingham township, Bucks county. ¶

STRAYED or STOLEN out of a pasture, near Gloucester-Point-House, about three weeks ago, A black MARE, about 14 and an half hands high, a natural trotter, low carriage in front, has a short dock with long hair on it, a hollow face, large ears; shortly before she left the pasture she lost her hind shoes, some of the nails and nail-holes remained in her feet; the fore feet shod with old shoes. Any person delivering the above mare at the Cross-Keys, the corner of Chesnut and Third-streets, shall receive FOUR DOLLARS REWARD, and reasonable charges paid. ¶ Philad. Sept. 17, 1782.

WAS found in the Dividing Creeks, in the township of Downs, in the county of Cumberland, in the State of New-Jersey, a good brass CANNON, supposed to be a six-pounder. Any person applying to the subscribers, proving their property and paying the charges, may have her again.

DAN LORE,
THOMAS CAMPBELL,
August 21. SAMUEL HUSTED and Son.

Just Published at BELL's Book-Store, near St Paul's Church in Third-street. [Price *Half a Dollar.*]

The First Volume of

EMMA CORBETT:
EXHIBITING
HENRY *and* EMMA,
THE
FAITHFUL MODERN LOVERS;

As Delineated by themselves, in their original Letters. Published by COURTNEY MELMOTH, Author of the Pupil of Pleasure, &c. &c.

Ah pass not yet. If thou didst ever know
The tenderest touches of impassion'd woe!
Pass not: If truth, and fortitude, and love,
Can stay thy footsteps, or thy spirit move!
Monument of Emma.

Bell's Book-store in Third-street, September 20 1782.

The Second Volume of this new and entertaining Work, will be published about fourteen days from this date; and the Third Volume, which will compleat the whole Work, will also be finished about one month from this date---Price *Half a Dollar*, each volume.

Now Selling at BELL's Book-Store, in Third-street

1. Lord Littleton's Familiar Letters to his Friends, with his Poems on several occasions.---Price *One Dollar.*
2. The Budget of Love; being Letters which passed between the present Prince of Wales and Mrs. Robinson, of Bristol, under the borrowed names of Florizel and Pardita; with interesting Anecdotes of the fair Heroine.---Price *One Dollar.*
3. Lessons in Elocution: Being modern miscellaneous Pieces, from the best Authors; for the perusal of persons of taste and the improvement of youth.---Price *Three Dollars.*
4. Perry's Royal Standard English Dictionary: Exhibiting the most accurate spelling, and the true pronounciation of words, according to the present practice of men of letters, eminent orators and polite speakers in London; upon a plan perfectly plain and entirely new. --*Six Dollars.*
5. Entick's English Dictionary, for the pocket.---*Six Dollars.*
6. French and English Dictionary, with the English and French Dictionary, for the pocket, by Nugent.---*Ten Dollars.*
7. Aristole's Master-Piece, with Directions for Midwives: Complete in three parts.---Price *Two Dollars.*
8. Sheridan's Genuine School for Scandal.---*One Dollar.*
9. Pupil of Pleasure, by Melmoth.---*Three Dollars.*
10. Revolution of America, by the honest and Philosophical Abbe Raynal.---Price *One Dollar.*

ALSO, Great variety of curious and useful Books, in history, divinity, voyages, travels, poetry, plays, novels, and entertainment, with medical and surgical Works, Latin and Greek Classics, and every Curiosity, whether old or new, that is com-at-able, in the American world of books, may be had at said BELL's Book-store, near St. Paul's Church, in Third-street, Philadelphia.

Note---A Journeyman PRINTER, according to his abilities and diligence, will meet with encouragement at Bell's Printing-Office. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION, *in* Moreland township, containing about 65 acres, situate on the Southampton road, adjoining land of Anthony Yerkes and Isaac Roberts. There are erected thereon, a large two story stone house, stable, orchard, and wood-land sufficient for the place. For terms, apply to Thomas Harper, near the Premises. Moreland, Sept. 18, 1782. † 6 w.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION, in Northumberland county, on the river Susquehanna, within eleven miles of Sunbury, containing 250 acres or thereabouts. There are on the said plantation, a good dwelling-house, with a large double barn; near 80 acres of the land cleared, with meadow, and a good deal more may be made: The land is some of the best in the county. For further particulars, enquire of the Printers. † Philad. Sept. 19.

To be SOLD in the township of Pittsgrove, and county of Salem, in the Western Division of the State of New-Jersey,

A TRACT of LAND, containing 147 acres, with a good improvement on it, and tan-yard, in a good part for getting bark, some good meadow made, considerable more may be made. Any person inclinable to purchase, may know the terms by applying to SAMUEL MEAD, on the premises.

N. B. If said tract is not sold before the 29th of October next, it will that day be put up at public sale. †

Philadelphia, September 17, 1782.

WHEREAS DAVID JAMES, by a certain instrument of writing, duly executed under his hand and seal, and bearing date the 25th day of March, Anno Domini 1779, in consequence of a marriage then to be solemnized between his son Owen James and Jane Branden, did, by the said instrument of writing, convey and assure unto the said Jane Branden, one moiety or half part of his ESTATE: And whereas the said David James hath since signified his intention of selling and disposing of the whole of said property (a moiety of which was assured and conveyed as aforesaid.) NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, That a claim to the half part of the estate of the said David James will be made by the said owen James and Jane his wife, of which claim any person intending to make a purchase from him is hereby notified. ¶

WAS taken up about the 16th of June last, by the subscriber, living in Coventry township, and county of Chester, a black HORSE COLT, a natural pacer, about 2 years old; has neither brand nor ear-mark. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take it away.

Sept. 20, 1782. † JOHN SWITZER.

Ninth month 20th, 1782.

THIS may inform the public, that the subsciber, in conjunction with his partners James and David Espin, at their nursery, in Uwchland township, Chester county, continues to carry on the raising of APPLE TREES, in as great variety as heretofore, except that he has declined to raise any of the Crab, and one sort of the Romanite trees, which last has been found to be a long time before they bear. They are likewise furnished with a light waggon for carrying of trees, and will engage to deliver any number, not less than 300, at any distance not exceeding 40 miles, at the rate of One Shilling per tree, or carefully boxed (for water carriage) for Thirteenpence per tree, which may be transplanted any time from the first of the Eleventh month (November) until the leaves are out in the spring, when the frost will permit.

RUDOLPH HAINS.

N. B. All persons indebted to the estate of JACOB HAINS, late of Uwchland aforesaid, deceased, are desired to make speedy payment, as the accounts will shortly be put into other hands to collect ¶ RUDOLPH HAINS, Executor.

To the FREE and INDEPENDENT ELECTORS of the City and County of Philadelphia.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my hearty Thanks for electing me your SHERIFF near two Years paſt. The Continuance of your Votes and Intereſts at the enſuing Election, will be gratefully acknowledged by,

Gentlemen, your obliged humble Servant,
WILLIAM WILL, Sheriff.

To the FREEMEN, ELECTORS for the City and County of Philadelphia,

GENTLEMEN,

THE encouragement given me by a reſpectable and numerous Acquaintance, has induced me to ſolicit your Votes and Intereſts at the enſuing General Election, to place me on the Return for the SHERIFF's OFFCE with the preſent Sheriff, William Will, Eſquire. Your ſuffrages, in this my humble requeſt, will lay under the higheſt obligations,

The Public's obedient, humble Servant,
Auguſt 26. JAMES LOUGHEAD.

To the reſpectable FREEMEN, Electors in the City and County of PHILADELPHIA.

GENTLEMEN,

AFTER having ſerved you faithfully near ſix years in the field, as a ſoldier, in the defence of your juſt rights againſt the arbitrary claims of Great-Britain, and having again retired to the walk of a private citizen, I now take this opportunity to inform you that I intend offering myſelf as a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office, at the enſuing Election; to be then placed on the return with William Will, Eſq; the preſent Sheriff: And ſhould you think me worthy of your ſuffrages and intereſt, which I now earneſtly ſolicit, the favour will ever be remembered with gratitude by, Gentlemen,

Your devoted humble ſervant,
THOMAS PROCTOR.

To the Freeholders and other Electors of the City and County of Philadelphia,

GENTLEMEN,

AS I intend offering myſelf a Candidate for the SHERIFF's OFFICE at the Expiration of Colonel Will's Time, I thus early ſollicit your Votes and Intereſt to place me on the Return with him at the enſuing Election; which Favour ſhall be gratefully acknowledged by, Gentlemen,

Your reſpectful Friend and humble Servant,
Philad. June 11, 1782. SAMUEL NICHOLAS.

Moreland townſhip, Philadelphia county, June 28.

The Subſcriber begs leave to inform the Gentlemen FREEHOLDERS and other ELECTORS, in the City and County of PHILADELPHIA,

THAT he propoſes offering himſelf a candidate for the SHERIFFS OFFICE, at the expiration of Colonel Will's time. Should he meet their approbation, he requeſts to be returned with the preſent Sheriff, at the enſuing Election; and the favour will be gratefully acknowledged,

By their obedient and very humble ſervant,
¶ WILLIAM DEAN.

To the FREEHOLDERS and others, ELECTORS for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA,

GENTLEMEN,

MY Thanks are due to you for your Votes and Intereſt, for the CORONER's OFFICE, at the laſt Election; a Continuance of your Favours at the enſuing Election will further oblige, Your Friend and humble Servant,

§ JOSEPH RUSH.

Northampton townſhip, Bucks county, Auguſt 5, 1782.

The Subſcriber begs leave to inform the Gentlemen FREEHOLDERS and other ELECTORS in the county of Bucks, that as the preſent Sheriff's time will expire at the next election,

HE propoſes offering himſelf a candidate for the SHERIFF's OFFICE; ſhould he meet their approbation, he requeſts to be placed firſt on the return at the enſuing election, and the favour will be greatefully acknowledged, by their friend

† 4 w RICHARD LEEDOM.

To the Free and Independent ELECTORS of the Borough and County of Cheſter.

GENTLEMEN.

I RETURN you my ſincere thanks for Electing me twice your SHERIFF, a continuance of your favours at the next General Election, ſhall be ever gratefully remembered, by

¶ Gentlemen,
Your very humble ſervant,
Cheſter, Sept. 7, 1782. JOHN GARDNER.

To the FREEHOLDERS and others, ELECTORS of the Borough and County of CHESTER.

GENTLEMEN,

I INTEND offering myſelf a Candidate for the SHERIFF's OFFICE, at the expiration of the preſent Sheriff's time. I do ſollicit your Votes and Intereſt, to place me on the Return with him at the enſuing Election, which favor ſhall be gratefully acknowledged, by Gentlemen,

Your Friend and humble Servant,
† THOMAS LEVIS.

To the FREEHOLDERS and other ELECTORS in the County of Cheſter.

GENTLEMEN,

THE honor you have done me theſe two years paſt, in returning me your CORONER, induces me at preſent to return you my grateful acknowledgments, and to requeſt the favour of your votes and intereſt at the enſuing Election, ſo far as to mention my name in your ticket for SHERIFF, as I intend to offer myſelf a candidate for that office, when Col. Gardner's (preſent Sheriff) time expires. I am Gentlemen your very humble Servant,

¶ 5 w. ALLEN CUNNINGHAM.

New-London, Sept. 2, 1782,

To the FREEHOLDERS and other ELECTORS of the County of CHESTER.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my hearty and humble thanks for voting me on the return at the laſt General Election for the SHERIFF's OFFICE; and as I purpoſe to offer myſelf a candidate the enſuing Election, the continuance of your votes and intereſt to me, with the preſent Sheriff, Colonel John Gardner, ſhall be ever gratefully and thankfully acknowledged by,

Your very humble Servant,
† GEORGE CAMPBELL.

To the FREEHOLDERS and ELECTORS of the County of Burlington,

GENTLEMEN,

INTENDING to ſtand a Candidate for the Office of SHERIFF at the enſuing Election, I ſolicit your Votes for that Purpoſe, which Favor ſhall be gratefully acknowledged

By your humble Servant,
ZACHARIAH ROSSELL.
Mountholly, Auguſt 5, 1782. † 8 w.

To the FREEHOLDERS and other ELECTORS of the borough and county of Lancaſter,

GENTLEMEN,

BY this I make known to you my intentions of ſtanding a candidate for the Sheriff's office at our next election, and having ſerved you in ſundry public appointments in this county heretofore, flatter myſelf I have diſcharged the truſt repoſed in me with candour and fidelity; therefore, as this is the firſt office I have ſolicited you for in the county, I now requeſt your votes and intereſt at the next election for ſaid office (being now clear of all public offices whatſoever) which will lay me under new obligations, and ſerve your much obliged friend and ſervant,

Auguſt 7, 1782. ¶ 6 w. BARTRAM GALBRAITH.

To the FREEMEN, ELECTORS of the County and Borough of LANCASTER.

GENTLEMEN,

I ESTEEM it an Honor that I ſo far met your Approbation, as to be voted on the Return for the Sheriff's Office at ſeveral annual Elections.

The Time of Joſeph Work, Eſq; the preſent Sheriff, will expire, agreeable to Law, at the enſuing Election; your giving me, therefore, the repeated Favour of your Votes and Intereſt (which I now moſt earneſtly ſolicit) for that Office, will confer on me an Obligation which I ſhall ever have in grateful Remembrance.

How much of my Time has been devoted to the Service of my Country, and how far I have diſcharged my Duty in that Service, are Circumſtances ſo well known to many of my Friends, as needs not to be mentioned as Motives for urging my Requeſt; ſuffice it to ſay, that I ſhall be happy in every Opportunity of teſtifying to you how much I ſtill am, Gentlemen,

Your moſt devoted,
Moſt obedient and moſt humble Servant,
Lebanon, Auguſt 23, 1782. ¶ THOMAS EDWARDS.

To the FREEHOLDERS and other ELECTORS of the borough and county of Lancaſter.

GENTLEMEN,

FROM the encouragement I have received of a numerous and worthy acquaintance, I take the liberty to offer myſelf a candidate for the SHERIFF's OFFICE; therefore ſolicit your votes and intereſt at the enſuing election, which, if you ſhould think me worthy of, the favour ſhall ever be remembered with gratitude, by Gentlemen,

Your obliged and very humble ſervant,
¶ JOHN JONES.

NOTICE is hereby given to the FREEMEN of the county of Cheſter, That a MEETING will be held at Mr. George Graham's, in Eaſt-Caln, on the 30th day of this inſtant, in order to form a TICKET for the enſuing Election. † September 2, 1782.

Philadelphia, Auguſt 17, 1782.

Juſt come to Hand, from Providence,

And to be SOLD by Mrs. PARKER,

On the North Side of Arch-ſtreet, Mid-way between Front and Second-ſtreets,---A few Copies of a Pamphlet, intituled

The Doctrine of Univerſal Salvation examined & refuted,

containing a conciſe and diſtinct Anſwer to the Writings of Mr. *Relly* and Mr. *Winchester*, upon that Subject,

By ISAAC BACKUS, Preacher of the Goſpel.

[*Price only Eighteen-pence.*]

Alſo at the ſame place may be had, A Pamphlet, intituled

The Novelty of Novelties examined:

By the Reverend DAVID THOMAS. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Northampton townſhip, Bucks county, about the firſt of June laſt, a red and white BULL, ſuppoſed to be about four years old. Whoever has loſt the ſame, by applying to the ſubſcriber, proving his property and paying charges, may have him again.

Auguſt 30, 1782. ¶ SAMUEL SPENCER.

LEFT in a neceſſary yeſterday morning, A SILVER WATCH, with a ſilver Dial-plate, having three ſhips thereon (maker's name and number forgot) had a large braſs chain with the ſocket of a ſeal, the ſtone being loſt. Whoever has found the ſame, and will return it to MATTHEW HAND, at the ſign of General Waſhington, near Sims's Wharff, or the ſubſcriber, in Front-ſtreet, ſhall have FOUR DOLLARS Reward, paid by DAVID GETYS. Sept. 4. †

EIGHT DOLLARS REWARD,

STRAYED from a ſtable in this city, on Friday laſt, a dark brown HORSE, 4 years old, about 15 hands high, has a roman noſe, and a ſcar on one of his buttocks. Whoever has taken up the ſaid horſe, and will deliver him to the ſubſcriber, ſhall receive the above reward, and all reaſonable charges.

Philad. Sept. 3, 1782. † JOHN DONNALDSON.

Londonderry townſhip, Cheſter county, Auguſt 31.

WAS left with the ſubſcriber, about two years ago, a black STEER, about four years old, being not able to drive. The gentleman who left him is deſired to come and take him away, or he will be ſold for the charges of keeping him.

† MONTGOMERY KENNEDY.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

WHEREAS, on Friday, the 2d inſtant, a middle ſized woman, marked with the ſmall pox, and had on a black petticoat, hired of the ſubſcriber, living in Sixth-ſtreet, two doors below Market-ſtreet, a light blue painted RIDING CHAIR and Harneſs to it, one of the terretts of the harneſs is broke off and tied with a leather ſtrap; the chair is painted blue, lined with leather, each ſide of it is marked in a cypher J P. Likewiſe a brown HORSE, five years old, 15 hands high, trots all, has ſome white on his fore feet. Whoever takes up ſaid woman, chair and horſe, and delivers them to the ſubſcriber, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

Philad. Auguſt 6. ¶ JOHN POTH.

N, B. There is a drawer in the chair, inſtead of a leather box, which draws out by a leathern ſtrap.

TAKEN up, on the 18th inſtant, by the ſubſcriber, living on Newtown road, leading to Philadelphia, near the 14 mile ſtone, in Moreland townſhip, A black HORSE, 14 or 15 years old, about 12 or 13 hands high, has wall eyes, one white foot, a ſtar and ſnip, branded Y S on his near thigh. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges and take him away. JOHN CASE. † Auguſt 26.

TAKEN up treſpaſſing in an encloſure near this city, on the 23d inſtant, four colts, one an iron-grey, one light grey, one dark bay ſtallion, and one a dark brown mare, about three years old, and is with foal. The ſtallion has been owned and taken away by a man living in Spring Garden. They are now at the ſubſcriber's Livery Stable, in Seventh-ſtreet, near Market-ſtreet. The owners are deſired to come, prove their property, pay charges and take them away.

† THOMAS STANES.

PHILIP BOEHM,

Has for SALE, at his STORE in Second-ſtreet, between Arch and Race-ſtreets, next door to the late dwelling-houſe of Leonard Melcher, deceaſed,

WINE, SPIRITS, West-India RUM, Philadelphia ditto, | SUGAR, TEA, COFFEE, &c. &c.

He flatters himſelf his former conduct in buſineſs has been ſuch, that his friends will again favour him with their cuſtom, which he ſhall endeavour to merit, by a careful attention to ſupply them with goods of a good quality, and on the moſt reaſonable terms the times will admit. †

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of JOHN SHOEMAKER, late of Briſtol townſhip, deceaſed, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment; and thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to bring in their accounts, properly proved, on or before the firſt day of October next, in order for ſettlement, by ¶ NICHOLAS DILWORTH, Executor.

ALL perſons indebted to the Partnerſhip of WRIGHT and BURKHART, Merchants of Philadelphia, are deſired to ſettle immediately; and all thoſe that have any demands againſt the ſaid Partnerſhip, are deſired to bring in their accounts that they may be ſettled; likewiſe all perſons indebted to MARTIN BURKHART, deceaſed, are deſired to ſettle immediately; and all perſons that have any demands againſt the ſaid Martin Burkhart, are deſired to bring in their accounts, properly atteſted, to WILLIAM HARPER, who is empowered to ſettle the whole.

The ſaid William Harper has for SALE, at his Store, on Crooked-Billet Wharff, Wholeſale and Retail, Weſt-India Rum, Tea, Sugar, Coffee, Pepper, Snuff, coarſe, fine and Cadiz Salt, Burlington Pork in barrels, Tar, Turpentine, Corn, Oats, Shorts and Bran; a few Kegs of Bread he will ſell low. †

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

MADE his eſcape from the ſubſcriber, one of the Conſtables of the townſhip of Germantown, in the county of Philadelphia, on Sunday morning, the 8th inſtant, A certain *Charles Ruſtine*, about 22 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, ſlender made, pale faced, has long black hair which he wears tied, is country born, ſpeaks good Engliſh and German, by trade a cooper, but follows harneſs-making. Had on, a brown fuſtain or jean coat and overalls, and ſpotted velvet veſt, but may change his dreſs. He was arreſted for *Fornication and Baſtardy*. Whoever apprehends the ſaid Charles Ruſtine, and delivers him to the ſubſcriber, or to the keeper of the goal of ſaid county, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges paid, by

Germantown, Sept. 9. § DANIEL REES, Conſtable.

JAMES NEWPORT,
DISTILLER,

At his STORE in Front-ſtreet, above Arch-ſtreet, the ſecond building above the Bank-Meeting,

Has by WHOLESALE and RETAIL, on very reaſonable Terms,

WEST-INDIA Rum, Country ditto, Brandy, Gin, of an excellent quality, Peach, Apple and Rye Spirits, | Aniſeed Water, Clove ditto, Orange ditto, Cinnamon ditto, Pepper Mint ditto, Allſours,

And SPIRITS of WINE, proper for raiſing the proof of Rum or any other ſpirits; and is alſo fit for Medicinal uſes. He has fine flavoured Rum Colouring.

N. B. He makes good Allowance to Country Dealers and Town Store-keepers, who may always depend upon the Goodneſs of his diſtilled Liquors.

Philadelphia, September 6. ¶

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber,

A PLANTATION, ſituate in Eaſt Caln townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 100 acres of good LAND, whereof 15 acres are made into meadow, and more may be made with little expence, as it is well watered with a never failing run of water, about 25 acres of excellent upland timber, with a good young orchard of excellent fruit trees juſt beginning to bear, a good new log houſe and barn juſt finiſhed, with an excellent never failing ſpring of water a few yards from the door. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſame, may know the terms, by applying to DAVID KENNEDY, Eſq; living in Market-ſtreet, a few doors above Sixth-ſtreet, Philadelphia, or the ſubſcriber, on the premiſes. ¶ ELIZABETH WHITE.

East-Nantmill, September 10, 1782.

WAS STOLEN out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, in East-Nantmill townſhip, Cheſter county, on the 3d ult. A black MARE, 9 years old, trots, well built, ſome white hairs on her forehead like a half moon, a white ſpot on the top of her head under the bridle, ſuppoſed to be a halter gall. Whoever takes up the thief and mare, ſo as the owner may get her again, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have TEN DOLLARS REWARD, or FIVE DOLLARS for the mare, and reaſonable charges, paid by † BENJAMIN ABRAHAM.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Vincent townſhip, Cheſter county, about the 4th of Auguſt laſt, A ſorrel HORSE, with a blaze in his face, about 14 hands and an half high, neither brand nor ear-mark, paces and trots. Whoever has loſt ſaid horſe is deſired to come, prove property, pay charges and take him away againſt the firſt of October, otherwiſe he will be ſold for his charges, by me,

Sept. 1, 1782. † ELIZABETH BENNER.

9th Month, 3d, 1782.

CAME to JOSHUA MORRIS's plantation, in Abington townſhip, Philadelphia county, on the 20th ult. a bay MARE, 14 hands and an half high, both hind feet white, and a ſtar in her forehead; ſuppoſed to be 4 or 5 years old. The owner is deſired to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. ¶ JOHN KNIGHT.

CAME to the plantation of John Poth, in Upper Dublin townſhip, Philadelphia county, about the 22d ult. Two red COWS, one a pale red, with a white face, the other a dark red, with ſome white and other marks. The owners, by applying as above, proving property, and paying charges, may have them again. Sept. 4. † JOHN POTH.

ALL perſons indebted to the ſubſcriber, are requeſted to make immediate payment to JESSE ZANE, who is properly empowered to receive the ſame. Delinquents will be treated as the law directs. JOEL ZANE.

Philadelphia, June 1, 1782. ¶ 8 w.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the MARKET.

WHEREAS BELTHASER STAUS, late of the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, yeoman, deceaſed, by his laſt Will and Teſtament, ordered his eſtate to be ſold, and the money ariſing from the ſale thereof to be equally divided between his eight children, whereof four are living in and near the city of Philadelphia, and four abſent, namely two ſons FRANCIS JOSEPH and DANIEL, and two daughters SARAH and SUSANNA. The ſhares of which ſaid four abſent children he ordered to be put out, and continued at intereſt for the ſpace of ſeven years, to be claimed by the ſaid children or their legal repreſentatives in perſon, &c. And of his ſaid laſt Will and Teſtament he appointed Zacharias Endres, of the ſaid Northern Liberties, brewer, ſole Executor.

Now the ſaid Executor, in compliance with the ſpecial directions of the ſaid Teſtator, given him a few days before his deceaſe, has thought proper to give this PUBLIC NOTICE, hereby requiring the ſaid four abſent children of the Teſtator, or in caſe of the death of any of them, the children or guardians of the children of ſuch deceaſed, to make their claims to their reſpective ſhares. The ſaid Executor is informed that the ſaid Francis Joſeph Staus is by trade a ſkinner, and was ſome time Pay-maſter of the Britiſh troops in Eaſt-Florida; that the ſaid Daniel Staus was a Captain of a veſſel, and an inhabitant of the Iſland of Providence; that the ſaid Sarah had been married to one Andrew Lytel, and is now a widow, living ſomewhere in North-Carolina; and that the ſaid Suſanna was married to one Andrew Kehr, of the 21ſt regiment of Scotch Fuziliers, who, it is ſaid, is among the priſoners of General Burgoyne's army, now in Virginia.

All friends and acquaintances of the perſons concerned, ſeeing this advertiſement, are deſired to inform them thereof. The ſaid Executor will take particular care that the money happening to each child's ſhare may be recovered upon ſhort notice.

Philad. Sept. 5. † ZACHARIAS ENDRES.

To be SOLD by Public Vendue,

On WEDNESDAY, the 2d day of October next, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon,

THE real ESTATE of BELTHASER STAUS, lately deceaſed, being a Two-ſtory high brick HOUSE and LOT of LAND, the north-weſt corner of Third-ſtreet continued, and Wood-ſtreet, in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia; containing in breadth on the ſaid Third-ſtreet 25 feet, and in length on Wood-ſtreet 201 feet; bounded northward by the Proprietaries ground, weſtward by ground late of Conrad Keehmle, ſouthward by the ſaid Wood-ſtreet, and eaſtward by the ſaid Third-ſtreet. The whole is to be ſold in ſeven lots or parcels, numbered weſtward from Third-ſtreet to Keehmle's ground.

No. 1, whereon the houſe ſtands, 25 feet on the Weſt ſide of Third-ſtreet, and 61 feet on the north ſide of Wood-ſtreet.

The reſt of the lots are fronting the ſaid Wood-ſtreet, each in depth 25 feet, to the Proprietaries ground.

No. 2, is in front 21 feet.

No. 3, 4 and 5, each 23 feet.

No. 6, is in front 22 feet:

And No. 7, is 28 feet on Wood-ſtreet, and 25 feet on the ſaid Keehmle's ground.

The vendue will be kept on the premiſes; and the terms of payment are, that one half of the purchaſe money be paid within three days after the vendue, and the other half in nine months with intereſt. Attendance will be given by

Sept. 5. † ZACHARIAS ENDRES, Executor.

To be SOLD by Public Vendue,

PURSUANT to the laſt Will and Teſtament of JACOB GRAFF, deceaſed, on SATURDAY, the 19th day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, in the town of Lebanon, and county of Lancaſter,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, ſituated and being in the townſhip of Lebanon, and county aforeſaid, containing 200 acres of land. The conditions will be made known at the time and place of ſale, by

JOHN PHILIP DE HAAS, and
PHILIP GREENEWALD, } Executors.

Sept. 18.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

WHEREAS a certain DAVID LEWIS, aged about 36 years, about 5 feet 10 inches high, ſlim made, and of a fair complexion, left with the ſubſcriber a ſorrel HORSE to paſture, which ſaid horſe is proven to be the property of Adam Guthrie, of Cheſter county. I do hereby offer the above reward to any perſon who will apprehend the ſaid Lewis, and ſecure him in any goal in this State, ſo that he be brought to juſtice.

† JAMES ANDERSON.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN, the 20th of Auguſt laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living near the head of North-eaſt River, in Cæcil county, Maryland, a Negroe MAN, named Simon, but may perhaps change his name to Johnſon, this country born, is about 27 years of age, nearly 6 feet high, coarſe featured, a little pitted with the ſmall-pox; had on, when he went away, a light coloured cloth coat, ſhort made, tow ſhirt and trowſers, and a cloth cap the ſame colour of his coat; he was ſeen at Chriſtiana Bridge in company with ſome ſtraggling troops belonging to the French army, on his way, as is ſuppoſed, to New-York. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Negroe, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

Sept. 12, 1782. ¶ SAMUEL MAFFITT.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the honorable Thomas M'Kean, Eſq; Chief Juſtice; William Auguſtus Atlee, Eſq; Second Juſtice; John Evans, Eſq; Third Juſtice; and George Bryan, Eſq; Fourth Juſtice of the Supreme Court, and Court of Oyer and Terminer and general Goal Delivery for the Commonwealth of Pennſylvania, have iſſued their Precept, bearing date the 4th day of July, to me directed, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and general Goal Delivery at the Court-houſe, in Newtown, for the county of Bucks, on Tueſday, the 1ſt of October next; NOTICE is hereby given to all Juſtices of the Peace, the Coroner, Eſcheator, and Conſtables within the ſaid county, that they be then and there in their own proper perſons with their Rolls, Records, Indictments and other Remembrances, to do thoſe things which to their offices in that behalf appertain to be done; alſo all thoſe that will proſecute againſt the priſoners that are or ſhall then be in the goal of ſaid county, are to be then and there to proſecute againſt them as ſhall be juſt; and all others whom it may concern are deſired to take notice hereof and govern themſelves accordingly. Dated at Newtown, the 16th day of September, in the year of our Lord, 1782. GEORGE WALL, Sheriff.

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.

Auguſt 8, 1782.

TAKEN this day from a man at William Clark's tavern, in Warrington townſhip, York county, ſuppoſed to have been ſtolen, A light grey MARE, about 14 hands high, 7 years old, branded on the near ſhoulder T E, ſhod all round, alſo an old Saddle, with a green pluſh houſing bound with leather, a pair of black leather Saddle-bags, and an old bag. The man was ſmall, of a dark complexion, ſhort black hair, and made his escape. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges and take her away. † WILLIAM CLARK.

Public Notice is hereby given,

To the Freemen of the City and County of Philadelphia,

THAT a GENERAL ELECTION is to be held for the City and County aforeſaid, at Philadelphia, Germantown and Jacob Wentz's, on Tueſday the 8th day of October next: The Election to be opened between the hours of 10 o'clock in the morning and 2 in the afternoon, at which places the Electors of the City and County are to chooſe

Two perſons for Sheriff,

Two for Coroner, and one Commiſſioner,

The County to elect one Councellor, and nine Repreſentatives in General Aſſembly,

And the City of Philadelphia one Counſellor, five Repreſentatives in Aſſembly, two Commiſſioners for the ſtreets, and two Wardens:

And the Conſtables of the City and County are required to hold Elections in their reſpective wards and townſhips, on Saturday the 5th day of October next, to elect Townſhip and Ward Aſſeſſors, and Inſpectors, to attend in their reſpective diſtricts at the ſaid General Election; which Inſpectors, when met, are to chooſe for each diſtrict three fit perſons for Judges of Election.

Sept. 12, 1782. WILLIAM WILL, Sheriff.

N. B. To prevent diſorder, it is earneſtly recommended to the Electors to have their tickets properly folded and endorſed.

TO BE SOLD,

The following Plantations or Tracts of Land, in the State of Maryland, with the dwelling-houſes, out-houſes, and improvements thereunto appertaining; being part of the eſtate of CHARLES HIGGINBOTHOM, late of Frederick county, in the ſaid State, deceaſed.

CHANCE, ſituated at the head of a branch of Codorus creek, containing 172 acres, more or leſs.

CHARLETON's FANCY, on the weſt ſide of Neal's meadow, on a draught of Anteatum, containing 100 acres.

DUTCH FOLLY, about three miles from a place called Saliſbury's Plains, below the plantation of George Caſtiner, containing 100 acres.

CHARLEMOUNT, within fifty perches to the eaſt of the Deep Spring, containing 300 acres; Part of Piles's Delight, 93 acres; Part of Alred's purchaſe, 8 acres; the whole containing 401 acres, in poſſeſſion of the Widow Helms, in Waſhington county.

Theſe lands, particularly thoſe in Waſhington county, are eſteemed equal in quality to the beſt in that government.

Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may ſee the draughts, and know the terms, by applying to THEOPHILUS GARDNER, of Philadelphia, who is furniſhed by the heirs with full power and authority to diſpoſe of them, and make indiſputable titles.

All perſons having demands on this Eſtate are requeſted to inform the ſaid Gardner thereof as ſoon as poſſible; and thoſe indebted are deſired to pay. ‡

TO BE SOLD,

A LIKELY NEGROE BOY, 15 years of age, has had the ſmall-pox, and is regiſtered agreeable to law. Enquire of the PRINTERS. ¶

Bucks county, Sept. 13, 1782.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Thurſday, the 3d day of October next, at Newtown, a certain TRACT of LAND, ſituate in Northampton townſhip, bounded by the lands of Peter Blaker, Henry Wynkoop, Eſq; and others, containing about 30 acres of good land; late the property of John Blaker; ſeized and taken in execution, by ¶ GEORGE WALL, Sheriff.

Bucks county, Sept. 13, 1782.

BY virtue of a writ of Teſtatam Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Thurſday, the 3d day of October next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at Newtown, a certain TRACT of LAND, ſituate in Pennſbury Manor, adjoining the river Delaware, bounded by the lands of Joſeph Kirkbride, Eſq; and Thomas Riche, containing 300 acres (more or leſs) of excellent good land, and whereon is erected a dwelling-houſe, barn, orchards and bank meadow; it is the capital meſſuage and place reſerved out of the Manor aforeſaid by the firſt Proprietors of this State; late the property of Richard Penn, Eſq; ſeized and taken in execution, by

¶ GEORGE WALL, Sheriff.

Bucks county, Sept. 13, 1782.

BY virtue of ſeveral writs of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Thurſday, the 3d day of October next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at Newtown, a certain TRACT of LAND, ſituate in Southampton townſhip, containing about 80 acres, of a good ſoil, bounded by the lands of Iſaac Bolton, Jonathan Clayton, and others, whereon is erected a good houſe, barn and ſtables, meadow and a large orchard, &c. late the property of James Evans; ſeized and taken in execution, by ¶ GEORGE WALL, Sheriff.

Bucks county, Sept. 13, 1782.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Thurſday, the 3d day of October next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at Newtown, a certain TRACT of LAND, ſituate in New-Britain townſhip, containing 163 acres in the whole, of a good ſoil, bounded by the lands of David Rees, Henry Derrach, Widow Finley, and others, whereon is erected a dwelling-houſe, barn, orchards, meadow, &c. late the property of William Borom; ſeized and taken in execution, by ¶ GEORGE WALL, Sheriff.

To be SOLD at private Sale,

A THREE ſtory BRICK HOUSE and LOT, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, oppoſite the lower New Market-houſe, the ſecond door ſouth of Lombard-ſtreet corner. This lot contains 18 feet in breadth on Second-ſtreet, and extends weſtward 70 feet to a four feet alley, an out-let into Lombard-ſtreet. Alſo two other lots adjoining, one of them in front 18 feet, and in depth 70 feet to the ſame alley; the other 12 feet 3 inches, and extends about 45 feet in depth. Likewiſe a lot with half of a ſmall building thereon, near adjoining the laſt deſcribed lot.

The houſe is accommodated with two convenient brick kitchens, two ſtories high, the parlours both private from the entry, five good chambers, beſides garrets, cellars under the whole, with a pump in the yard. Credit, if required, may be had for part of the purchaſe money. For terms apply to Mr. GEORGE MEADE, or to the ſubſcriber, at his office for ſale of real eſtates, oppoſite the Friend's Meeting-houſe, in Pine-ſtreet.

Sept. 14, 1782. ¶ ELIJAH BROWN.

BY virtue of an order from the Supreme Court of the State of Pennſylvania to me directed, will be ſold, at public ſale, on Thurſday, the 5th of October next, at the late dwelling-houſe of Nathaniel Vernon, Eſq; in Nether Providence townſhip, Cheſter county, one meſſuage, plantation and tract of land, ſituate in the townſhip and county aforeſaid, containing about 230 acres, more or leſs, bounded by lands of Jonathan Vernon, Alexander Wilcox, Eſq; and others; late the property of Nathaniel Vernon, late of Cheſter county, Eſq; but ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by

¶ JOHN GARDNER, Sheriff.

TO BE SOLD,

A LARGE and convenient brick MESSUAGE and KITCHEN, with a Lot of GROUND thereto belonging, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Vine-ſtreet, near Front-ſtreet; the lot is 20 feet front, clear of ground-rent; the houſe three ſtories high, has two rooms on a floor, the kitchen has a good chamber over it; there is a good yard and a three feet alley belonging entirely to the premiſes.

Alſo a bank lot of ground, 14 feet front on Front and Water-ſtreets, nearly oppoſite the Friends Bank Meeting-houſe.

And a frame tenement and lot of ground, on the north ſide of Callowhill-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets, in the Northern Liberties. This lot is 20 feet front, and 74 feet deep, and ſubject to a yearly ground-rent of 4l. ſterling. For terms apply to RICHARD WHITEHEAD, Scrivener, at his office, the north-weſt corner of Vine and Water-ſtreets. ¶

Philadelphia county, September 5, 1782.

NOTICE is hereby given to the MILITIA of the county of Philadelphia, that the following days are appointed by the Militia Law as Days of Exerciſe, viz.

IN COMPANIES, the two firſt MONDAYS in the month of October, and the two firſt MONDAYS in the month of November.

And ſhall begin muſtering in BATTALIONS in the following manner, viz.

The Firſt Battalion		the 18th of November.
The Second	ditto	the 19th of November.
The Third	ditto	the 20th of November.
The Fourth	ditto	the 21ſt of November.
The Fifth	ditto	the 22d of November.
The Sixth	ditto	the 25th of November.
The Seventh	ditto	the 26th of November.

It is expected that the Colonels give ſtrict orders to their Captains, that the Returns of Delinquents be made on field days, and that they furniſh the Sub-Lieutenants of the diſtricts as ſoon as poſſible, ſo that the Fines may be collected without delay.

WILLIAM COATS, Lieutenant of the County of Philadelphia.

A MIDDLE aged WOMAN, of a good character, that would undertake the care of a kitchen, where plain cooking only is to be done, with ſufficient help of ſervants, will meet with good encouragement, by applying to the printers hereof; a good recommendation will be required.

TO BE SOLD,

A ſtrong, hearty NEGROE MAN, about 22 or 23 years old, fit for any kind of work, would ſuit a farmer, as he underſtands horſes, and can mow exceeding well. Enquire as above.

9th Month, 4th, 1782.

To be SOLD on the Premiſes,

At PUBLIC VENDUE, on the firſt day of next month, being the third day of the week, at two o'clock in the afternoon,

A GOOD three ſtory brick HOUSE and KITCHEN, ſituate in Wilmington, New Caſtle county, now in the poſſeſſion of Alice Bennett. The houſe is 20 feet front, upwards of 30 feet deep, with a good cellar, and a pump of fine water in the yard, and garden room back. The ſituation of this houſe is very high, and commands an extenſive view both of Delaware and Chriſtiana rivers, the ſhips and craft going up and down the ſame, and a beautiful variety of landſcape proſpects, &c. not likely to be obſtructed by any future building that may be erected before it. The title is good. For further particulars, enquire of

† WILLIAM ZANE, in Philadelphia; or ALICE BENNETT, in Wilmington.

N. B. As the annual election for New-Caſtle county comes on this day, the ſale of ſaid premiſes is poſtponed till the next.

Loan-Office Certificates Loſt.

ON the night of the 16th of October, 1781, in Camp, at Peeks-Kill, two cheſts were ſecretly taken out of the ſubſcriber's marquee, and plundered as follows:

Three certificates, viz. No. 1526, dated 26th March, 1778, for 600 dollars, in the name of Joſ. Shippen, out of the Loan-Office in Philadelphia; No. 3593, or 3595 (one of theſe numbers being paſſed to Mr. Miller, merchant in Trenton) dated 6th November, 1780, for 500 dollars, in the name of George W. Campbell, out of the Loan-Office in Philadelphia; No. 108, dated 29th April, 1780, for 500 dollars, in the name of George W. Campbell, out of the Lottery-Office, Philadelphia; alſo caſh, and ſundry articles of wearing apparel, as publiſhed in the New-York Packet, printed at Fiſh-Kill, from the 2d of November to the 20th of December, 1781; to which we refer for detection and reward. ¶ 6 w. GEORGE W. CAMPBELL,

Philad. July 23. late Hoſpital Phyſician and Surgeon.

DAVID JACKSON,

Has removed his *DRUG* and *MEDICINAL STORE* to the houſe lately occupied by Doctor Phile, in Second-ſtreet, about midway between Market and Cheſnut-ſtreets, and oppoſite to Black-horſe alley, where he has for SALE, a neat aſſortment of ſuch

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

As are now in common uſe, among which are the following articles, viz.

CAMPHOR,
Calomel,
Cantharides,
Peruvian Bark,
Opium,
Gum Aſſa Fœte'd,
------Myrrh,
------Arabic,
Jalap,
Ipecacuana,
Gentian,
Orange Peel,
Glauber and Epſom Salts,
Salt Petre,
Cream. Tartar,
Flour Sulphur,
Red Præcipitate,
Manna,
Rhubarb,
Tartar Emetic,
Sal. Ammoniac,
Quick Silver, &c.

Alſo, the following *Patent Medicines*,

Viz. Bateman's Drops, Daffy's Elixir, Hærlem Oil, Turlington's Balſam, Walker's Drops, James's Powders, Hill's Medicines, Anderſon's, Hooper's, Keyſer's and Lockyer's Pills.

Medicine Cheſts for ſea carefully put up, and all orders from country Phyſicians punctually attended to.

TEN GUINEAS Reward.

WILL be paid to any perſon, who will bring to the ſubſcriber his Negroe man STEPHEN. He is a pale fellow, ſmooth face, down look, about 19 years old, near 6 feet high, ſtraight limbs, but very remarkable long feet; he went from New-Caſtle laſt February, in company with a great villain, black Jack, who is now in Cheſter goal for a robbery, they were chiefly in or near Philadelphia ever ſince. His dreſs now unknown, as he changed it ſoon after his elopement. It is probable the above reward may tempt perſons at leiſure to make enquiry after him, but if any extraordinary trouble ſhall be had in the purſuit, it will be chearfully paid by WILLIAM GADDIS Eſq; of Philadelphia, or the ſubſcriber, at New-Caſtle.

Auguſt 8, 1782. † JOHN WETHERED,

Wilmington, September 4, 1782.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living in Wilmington, on the 20th ult. but since returned home to his mother, and went off again yesterday, an Apprentice Lad, named CARSON DICKERSON, 15 years of age, about 5 feet high, by trade a carpenter, has strait light coloured hair, slim made, very talkative, and much given to laughing when in company; has a remarkable scar across his throat, which was burnt when a child; had on and took with him when he went away, two half worn Russia linen shirts, two pair old trowsers, a lead coloured coat, with the pockets inside the skirts, a blue and white linsey jacket, and a white linen jacket with sleeves, one pair buckskin breeches worn one winter, a pair of fustian ditto, one pair of yarn and one pair of old thread stockings, a good pair neats leather shoes, with copper buckles in them, and a felt hat half worn, which he has got bound since he went off. Whoever takes up and secures said apprentice in any goal between Philadelphia and Baltimore, so that his master may have him again, shall have FOUR DOLLARS REWARD, or TEN DOLLARS if brought home, paid by OBADIAH DINGEE.

N. B. All masters of vessels and others, are forbid to harbour or carry him off at their peril. †

TO BE LETT,

THAT large and well accustomed INN, in Chester, occupied for a number of years past by Valentine Weaver; there is a good garden and five acres of highly improved pasture to accommodate the premises. Possession may be had in two weeks from this date. For terms, enquire of Mr. EDWARD VERNON, in Chester, or the subscriber, in Philadelphia.

June 10, 1782. ¶ DAVID JACKSON.

The Pennsylvania Loan-Office

IS removed to the Corner of Arch-street and Seventh-street, where all Persons in Arrears are required to pay

DAVID RITTENHOUSE, Trustee.

Note. Specie or Bank Notes, only, will be received in Payment. †4w.

JUST IMPORTED,

And to be SOLD by

THOMAS RANDALL & Co.

In Front-street, a few doors above Market-street,

West-India RUM, by the Hogshead, WINDOW GLASS, by the Box, TIN in Casks and Boxes, PIG LEAD: Also a variety of DRY GOODS by the Bale. SUGAR, COFFEE and TEA. ¶ 3w

Philadelphia, August 14, 1782.

WHEREAS a certain Mr. REED sent four boxes of GOODS from Winchester in Virginia, some time in November last, to a gentleman in Philadelphia, whose name is forgot; but the roads being bad, two of the boxes were left at Carlisle, and the other two were brought to Philadelphia and delivered to the owner; since which the two boxes were forwarded from Carlisle by Robert Philips, with a letter from the original Waggoner Joseph Kennedy, to Messrs. GARVEY and AITKEN, in Philadelphia, but they not knowing the owner could not direct the said Philips where to leave them; he then stored them at the BLACK HORSE in Market-street, where they now are. It was said the owner lived near the Drawbridge, but upon enquiry could not be found. These are therefore to desire the owner to apply to Mr. JACOB SWEM, at the Black Horse, in Market-street, Philadelphia, prove his property, pay the charges and take them away, otherwise they will be sold for the carriage and costs according to law, by

¶ 7 6. tbc 6w. ROBERT PHILIPS.

Durham Iron-works to be SOLD.

WHEREAS the partnership of Richard Backhouse, Robert Lettis Hooper, jun. and Isaac Sidman, at Durham iron-works is nearly expired, the said Robert Lettis Hooper and Isaac Sidman having given a power to said Backhouse to sell the lands belonging to the partnership; he therefore proposes to sell the same by way of public vendue, on the 6th day of November next, at Durham aforesaid, consisting of the following tracts, viz.

One tract, situated in Durham township, in the county of Bucks, and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, containing between 11 and 1200 acres, on which is erected a furnace now in blast and in good order, the mine so convenient to the furnace that one team with a driver and one other hand has hauled 20 tons of oar to the furnace in a day this summer; the works for getting oar in good repair, and the body of oar inexhaustable. The quality of the iron is so well known for its excellence, that it would be unnecessary to say any thing in praise of it. There is belonging to this tract a ferry over Delaware river, three good farms in repair, about 60 acres of meadow fit for the scythe, all watered, and 70 or 80 acres more of excellent watered meadow can be made with a small expence. There is also a good number of small tenements for workmen to live in, and every thing in good order to make a large blast next year. The above tract will be sold for and during the natural life of Joseph Galloway, and no longer.

There will also be sold at the same time three other tracts of land, situate in Haycock township, in said county, about 6 miles from the furnace, adjoining each other, containing about 284 acres, being under warrant and survey, on which is several small buildings for workmen, and a large quantity of excellent timber. Any person desirous of viewing the premises before the day sale, by applying to the subscriber at the works, may see every part thereof. RICHARD BACKHOUSE.

N. B. All persons having any demands against said partnership are requested to bring in their accounts for payment; and those indebted to them are requested to make immediate payment to said Backhouse, as the company wish to close their accounts as soon as possible. *August 21, 1782.* ¶ 10 w.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the 19th instant, A Negroe Man, named GEORGE, he is a slim made fellow, about 5 feet 8 inches high, about 38 years old, is black, and has small legs; he is talkative, sprightly, and very artful: He took with him a variety of clothes, a green cloth coat, a red waistcoat, two homespun ditto (milled cloth, dyed) two new country linen shirts, two hats, one covered with squirrel skin, the other has a button and loop, and a band of silver fringe; he wears a silver broach in his shirt bosom, has several white linen shirts, stocks, and a variety of other clothes; he crossed from Port-Penn to Jersey in the character of a freeman, and calls himself William Harris. Whoever apprehends said fellow and brings him home, or secures him in any goal, so that I may get him again, shall receive a reward of FIVE POUNDS, and reasonable charges, paid by ¶ 6 w. PEREGRINE WARD.

Cæcil county, Maryland, May 30, 1782.

To be SOLD by

PHILIP CLUMBERG,

On the North side of Arch-street, between Second and Third-streets, Philadelphia,

A Quantity of the best Velvet Sponge,

Of different Sizes.

To be Sold by Edward Bartholomew,

In THIRD-STREET,

A Quantity of SALT HIDES,

Of an excellent QUALITY. ¶

To be SOLD by private Sale,

THAT noted tavern, known by the sign of the LAMB, in Carlisle, Cumberland county, and State of Pennsylvania, situate three doors from the Court-house; the house is two stories high, 30 by 27 feet, three rooms on a floor, and as well finished as any in the place; with a kitchen 25 by 23 feet, two stories high, well finished; also a good stone smoak-house and oven; there is a piazza between the house and kitchen, 18 feet by 23, being a pleasant place to dine in summer; likewise a stone stable, 47 by 28 feet, well floored and stalled, fit for a livery stable; together with a large stone and frame shed, which will hold four teams of horses, and a large yard, paved with stone and brick. There is also on the lot a stone building, 15 by 25 feet, with a good kitchen, which formerly was occupied as a store, and has a cellar under it.

Also two lots of ground in Pomfret-street, Carlisle, both paled under one; one of them is a corner lot, 60 feet front by 240 feet back, with a square log house, a barn, 30 by 23 feet, and a large barrack. The purchaser of the above lots may be accommodated with 20, 30 or 40 acres of fresh limestone land, as good in quality as any in the place, under good fence; likewise 40 acres of woodland, within one mile of the cleared land, with excellent timber, and handy either for fencing or firewood. Any person inclining to purchase, may apply to the subscriber, on the premises, who will give indisputable rights for the same: Upon paying one half the purchase-money down, reasonable time will be given for payment of the remainder, by

Carlisle, August 4, 1782. ¶ WILLIAM RAINEY.

THOMAS CROW,

CLOCK and WATCH-MAKER, in Wilmington, New-Castle county, hath for SALE,

WATCH SPRINGS by the dozen or smaller quantity. He puts Springs in Watches at *Twelve Shillings* each, the former price, and warrants them good for one year. Clock-Makers may be supplied with large Springs for Table or Musical Clocks of any sizes. †

NOTICE is hereby given, that there has been taken up trespassing in the inclosure of Philip Baker, in Mannellan township, York county, a bright bay HORSE, about 14 hands high, a natural trotter, has no brand or ear-marks, some saddle marks, supposed to be about 15 years old, appears as if he has had the fistelow. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

July 20, 1782. ¶ PHILIP BAKER.

AMOS WICKERSHAM,

In Arch-street, next door below the corner of Second-street, has for SALE,

OLD Madeira, Lisbon and Port Wine,
Jamaica Spirits,
West-India Rum,
French Brandy,
Vinegar,
Loaf Sugar,
Boxes and barrels of Sugar,
Hyson, Souchong and Bohea Teas,
Green Coffee,
Ginger, Pepper, Alspice and Indigo.

A few boxes 8 by 10 WINDOW GLASS. †

THE SUBSCRIBER purchases all kinds of merchantable clean TANNED LEATHER in the rough.

He likewise informs the public, that he carries on the

Currying Business,

And has for sale a quantity of excellent draw-boot legs, calf-skins, neats leather, saddle, harness and soal LEATHER.

Those gentlemen who please to favour him with their custom shall be as well served as in this city, and the favour be gratefully acknowledged by, their most humble servant,

William Perkins,

living in Fifth-street, three doors above Market-street. ¶ 3 m.

Philadelphia, August 8, 1782.

THE necessitous situation of the PENNSYLVANIA HOSPITAL obliges the Managers to call on all persons indebted thereto for Interest, Annuities and Ground-rents, to make immediate payment, to enable them to carry on the benevolent design of the Institution.

Published by Order of a Board of Managers,
MORDECAI LEWIS, Treasurer.

Just arrived from FRANCE and HOLLAND, &c. and to be SOLD by

PETER & WILLIAM WIKOFF,

At their STORE in Front-street, between Arch and Race-streets, a variety of GOODS suitable for the season, among which are the following, viz.

NANKEENS of the best quality, Chintz and Callicoes, fine Handkerchiefs, check, striped and white Linens, Russia Sheetings, Ravens Duck, Ozenbrigs sewing Threads, Cambricks, Needles, Wool-cards, Coffee, superfine Broad-Cloths, &c. &c.

Philadelphia, August 6, 1782. tbc 1m

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Lætitia-court, Philadelphia, an apprentice lad, named JOHN BENNET, 16 years of age, 4 feet 9 or 10 inches high, by trade a cordwainer, has straight black hair, slim made, very talkative, and very much given to swearing, lying and stealing; had on, when he went away, a blue striped cotton jacket and trowsers, a pair of black grain shoes, with Pinchbeck buckles, wool hat, fine shirt, red and white Barcelona handkerchief; also took with him besides what he had on, one blue coat, one red jacket, a pair of lincey trowsers, two pair of stockings, and one shirt. Whoever takes up said apprentice lad, or secures him, so that he may be had again, shall have TWO DOLLARS reward, paid by

¶ GEORGE FALKAR.

N. B. All masters of vessels are forbid to harbour or carry him off at their peril.

TEN DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Mill Creek Hundred, New-Castle county, Delaware State, on the 26th of May, 1782, a Negroe MAN, named Peter, about 25 years old, 5 feet 9 inches high, strait and slender built, thin visage, very smart and active, speaks slow and soft, very submissive, has a large scar on his left wrist, understands farming and driving team; had on, when he went away, a sheeps grey thick cloth coat, an old wool hat, tow linen shirt and trowsers, new shoes and copper buckles, is fond of strong liquor and very subject to lying; he was born in Bucks county, in Pennsylvania State, and lived some years with one Jonathan Meredith, a tanner in Philadelphia; it is supposed he has made to Philadelphia or Bucks county. Any person securing the above described fellow in any goal, so as his master may have notice thereof, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by JOHN JAMES.

N. B. All masters of vessels are forbid to carry him off at their peril. § 3 m.

Eastonridge, Somerset county, State of New Jersey, Jul, 6.

ALL persons indebted, either by bond, note or book account, to the *estate of* JOHN MORTON, *late of the city of New-York*, merchant, deceased, are desired to make immediate payment; and those who have any just demands against said estate, to make them known to the subscribers.

¶ MARIA S. MORTON, } acting Executors.
tbctf JACOB MORTON }

THIS DAY IS PUPLISHED,

[*Price Half a Dollar*]

A LETTER

Addressed to the ABBE RAYNAL,

On the Affairs of North-America;

In which the Errors in the Abbe's Account of the present Revolution are corrected and cleared up.

By THOMAS PAINE, *M. A.* of the University of Pennsylvania, and Author of the Pamphlet, and other Publications, intituled "*Common Sense.*"

Printed by MELCHOIR STEINER, in Race-street, and sold by ROBERT AITKEN, bookseller, in Market-street, three doors above the Coffee-house.

WILLIAM POYNTELL,

Has for SALE, three doors below *Market-street*, in *Second street*,

MONEY Scales and Weights, Ivory and Ass-skin Pocket Memorandum Books, a variety of superfine Penknives, a variety of Mens Watch Chains, elegant Ladies ditto, Writing Paper of all Sorts, Blank Books of all Sorts, Ink-powder, Parchment, Primmers, Spelling-Books, Testaments, Paper Hangings, Wafers in small Boxes, Maps, &c. &c. *August 12.*

To the PUBLIC.

WHEREAS SAMUEL BOUTCHER, of Moreland township, in the county of Philadelphia, did lately take his solemn OATH, before the Honorable THOMAS M'KEAN, Esq; Chief Justice of the State of Pennsylvania, That he saw JONATHAN COMLY, jun. on the 21st of July last, near sun-set, riding in company with three other men near his house; that he saw him several poles before he came even with him; that he viewed him well; that they spoke to, and called each other by their names; that he knew him well and had been acquainted with him from a child: On which I was taken and examined on suspicion of being in company with three other persons, who were concerned in committing a burglary in the mansion-house of Solomon Parke, in Southampton township, Bucks county: Therefore to clear myself of the said Boutcher's false accusation, as well as to enable the public to judge in future what regard ought to be paid to his oath, I have thought proper, at the request of several of my witnesses, to make this publication, with the Chief Justice's Certificate hereunto annexed, although he has threatened, that if I do publish any thing on my behalf, I shall repent it.

¶ JONATHAN COMLY, jun.

I DO hereby certify all whom it may concern, That JONATHAN COMLY, of Moreland township, in the county of Philadelphia, Joyner, was brought before me, on suspicion of his having been in company with three persons unknown, who committed (with four other persons unknown) a burglary in the mansion-house of SOLOMON PARKE, in Southampton township, and county of Bucks, in the State of Pennsylvania, in the night of the twenty first of July last, about nine of the clock; and that the said Jonathan Comly produced divers reputable witnesses, who proved to my full satisfaction that he was not in such company in the afternoon or night of the same day, but was near five miles distant from the place where he was supposed to have been seen with them; that there has been another person in their company who resembled him so much as to give grounds for the apprehension, but that there must be a deception with respect to him.

GIVEN under my hand, at the request of the said Jonathan Comly, *at* Philadelphia, *the 6th day of* August, 1782.

¶ THOMAS M'KEAN.

Chester county, August 24, 1782.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living in Chester township, on the 19th of July last, THREE HEIFERS, supposed to be about two years old. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take them away.

§ PETER SALKELD.

TO BE SOLD,

The following LOTS of LAND.

No. 1. SITUATE in West-Nottingham, Cæcil county, State of Maryland, containing 62 acres of excellent good land; about the one half is cleared, and in good repair, the other half good woodland; 8 or 9 acres of good meadow, and more may be made, and watered by a good stream running through the same; all the rest arable, and good for any kind of grain. On said lot, there are a two story brick house, 35 feet by 27, and cellar under the whole; a kitchen adjoining, a paled garden, a good young orchard, a well of excellent water at the door, a good barn, stables, shed, &c. well constructed for a tavern or store. Said place is now, and has been under license for a tavern 25 years past, and is experienced to be a good stand for that purpose, known by the sign of the *Liberty Pole*. The situation is pleasant and healthy; in the centre of a rich country, at the cross of two public roads, leading from Peach-Bottom and Bald-Friar Ferries, on Susquehannah, to Christiana, and from Charles-Town to Lancaster, convenient to several mills and places of public worship. If the said lot and premises are not disposed of before the 26th day of March next, it will then be proposed to sale by public Vendue. A sufficient title will be given.

No. 2. Situate part in Little-Britain township, Lancaster county, the other part in Octarara hundred, Cæcil county, containing 260 acres, more or less; about one half is cleared, 25 acres of good meadow, two good bearing orchards, two convenient dwelling-houses, a large commodious barn and stables, a good spring of water and stone spring-house. On said lot is a fine large tan-yard, in which are 17 vats, also a tan-house, currying-shop, saddler's-shop, and every necessary suitable for the carrying on the tanning and currying businesses in the most extensive manner. The title indisputable. †

CAME to the plantation of Samuel Mifflin, deceased, near the Rising Sun Tavern, on the 14th instant, A red COW, with some white spots, supposed to be eight or nine years old. The owner, on proving his property and paying charges may have her again, by applying to the subscriber, living on said place.

August 21, 1782. † YOST YUNKER.

TAKEN up, on the 8th instant, by the subscriber, living in Newlington township, Chester county, A brown MARE, 14 hands high, 6 or 7 years old, a natural trotter, not branded, a little white in her face, no shoes on. She is supposed to be stolen, as a horse taken up at the same time has been claimed, and the property proved by a gentleman over Susquehanna, and it is likely the mare came from that quarter. A pair of black leather saddle-bags and a pair of boots were taken with the horses. The owner or owners, proving property, and paying charges, may have the mare and other articles again, by applying to

August 10, 1782. † JOSEPH LUCKY.

Chester county, Tredyffrin township, August 26.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, about the 24th of July last, A large white COW, with yellow spots marked on each ear. The owner, proving property and paying charges, may have her again, by applying to

† SAMUEL SMITH.